### CALIFORNIA BOARD OF BARBERING AND COSMETOLOGY



APRIL 25, 2022

### BOARD MEETING AND REINSTATEMENT HEARING

Courtyard by Marriott 2100 Empire Avenue Burbank, CA 91504



Action may be taken on

any item listed on the

agenda.

BOARD MEMBERS: Steve Weeks, President Calimay Pham, Vice-President Jacquelyn Crabtree Megan Ellis Tonya Fairley Reese Isbell Yolanda Jimenez Derick Matos CALIFORNIA BOARD OF BARBERING AND COSMETOLOGY BOARD MEETING NOTICE AND AGENDA April 25, 2022 Courtyard by Marriott 2100 Empire Avenue Burbank, CA 91504

10:00am - Until Completion of Business

#### AGENDA

Action may be taken on any item on the agenda. The time and order of agenda items are subject to change at the discretion of the Board President and may be taken out of order. In accordance with the Bagley-Keene Open Meeting Act, all meetings of the Board are open to the public.

#### **OPEN SESSION:**

- 1. Call to Order/ Roll Call/ Establishment of Quorum (Steve Weeks)
- 2. Petition for Reinstatement Hearing
  - Francisco Lemus, Petition for Reinstatement of License, Barber License #B85000

**CLOSED SESSION:** Pursuant to Government Code section 11126 (c) (3), the Board will meet in Closed Session to Deliberate on Disciplinary Matters, including the above petition.

#### **RECONVENE OPEN SESSION:**

- 3. Board President's Opening Remarks (Steve Weeks)
- 4. Board Member Remarks Informational only
- 5. Discussion and Possible Approval of the January 24, 2022, Board Meeting Minutes
- 6. Executive Management Reports (Kristy Underwood)
  - Administration and Operations (Alex Torkelson)
  - Licensing, Examinations, and Disciplinary Review Appeals (Alex Torkelson)
  - Enforcement, Inspections, and Cite and Fine (Nicole Quinn)
  - Outreach (Kristy Underwood)
  - SB 803 (Roth) Implementation Plan (Carrie Harris)

7. Report on the March 7, 2022, Legislative and Budget Committee Meeting (Reese Isbell, Chairperson)

Consideration of Committee Recommendations and Possible Action on Proposed Bills:

- a. AB 646 (Low, Cunningham, and Gipson) DCA boards: expunged convictions
- b. AB 1604 (Holden) The Upward Mobility Act of 2022: boards and commissions: civil service: examinations: classifications
- c. AB 1661 (Davies) Human trafficking: notice
- d. AB 1733 (Quirk) State bodies: open meetings
- e. AB 2196 (Maienschein) Barbering and cosmetology: instructional hours.
- 8. Report on the March 7, 2022, Education and Outreach Committee Meeting (Tonya Fairley, Chairperson)
- 9. Report on the March 14, 2022, Health and Safety Advisory Committee Meeting (Jacquelyn Crabtree, Chairperson)
- 10. Status Updates Regarding Rulemaking Proposals:
  - a. Rulemaking Proposal to Amend Title 16, California Code of Regulations (CCR) sections 904, 909, 917, 928, 931, 932, 934, 937, 950.1, 950.2, 950.3, 950.4, 962 (SB 803 Clean Up)
  - b. Rulemaking Proposal to Amend Title 16, CCR sections 913, 913.1, 914.1, 914.2, 915, 917, 918, 918.1, 919, 919.1, 920, 921, 921.1, 921.2, 922, 924, 924.1, 925, 926, 927 (Apprenticeship)
  - c. Rulemaking Proposal to Amend Title 16, CCR section 950.10 (Transfer of Credit)
  - d. Rulemaking Proposal to Amend Title 16, CCR section 961 (Instructional Materials)
  - e. Rulemaking Proposal to Amend Title 16, CCR sections 962, 962.1 and 962.2 (Externs)
  - f. Rulemaking Proposal to Amend Title 16, CCR section 972 (Disciplinary Guidelines)
  - g. Rulemaking Proposal to Amend Title 16, CCR section 974.1 (Disciplinary Review Committee)
- 11. Public Comment on Items Not on the Agenda

Note: The Board may not discuss or take any action on any item raised during this public comment section, except to decide whether to place the matter on the agenda of a future meeting (Government Code Sections 11125, 1125.7(a))

- 12. Suggestions for Future Agenda Items
- 13. Adjournment

Note: This meeting will be Webcast, provided there are no unforeseen technical difficulties or limitations. To view the Webcast, please visit <u>https://thedcapage.wordpress.com/webcasts/</u>. If you wish to participate or to have a guaranteed opportunity to observe, please plan to attend at a physical location. Adjournment, if it is the only item that occurs after a closed session, may not be webcast.

\*Government Code section 11125.7 provides the opportunity for the public to address each agenda item during discussion or consideration by the Board prior to the Board taking any action on said item. Members of the public will be provided appropriate opportunities to comment on any issue before the Board, but the Board President may, at his or her discretion, apportion available time among those who wish to speak. Individuals may appear before the Board to discuss items not on the agenda; however, the Board can neither discuss nor take official action on these items at the time of the same meeting (Government Code sections 11125, 11125.7(a)).

The meeting is accessible to the physically disabled. A person who needs disabilityrelated accommodation or modification in order to participate in the meeting may make a request by contacting: Marcene Melliza at (916) 575-7121, email: Marcene.melliza@dca.ca.gov, or send a written request to the Board of Barbering and Cosmetology, PO Box 944226, Sacramento, CA 94244. Providing your request is a least five (5) business days before the meeting will help to ensure availability of the requested accommodations. TDD Line: (916) 322-1700.

# Agenda Items No. 1-4 No Attachments

#### DRAFT CALIFORNIA STATE BOARD OF BARBERING AND COSMETOLOGY

#### **BOARD TELECONFERENCE MEETING**

#### **MINUTES OF JANUARY 24, 2022**

#### **BOARD MEMBERS PRESENT**

#### STAFF MEMBERS PRESENT

Steve Weeks, President Calimay Pham, Vice President Jacquelyn Crabtree Megan Ellis Tonya Fairley Reese Isbell Derick Matos Kristy Underwood, Executive Officer Carrie Harris, Deputy Executive Officer Sabina Knight, Board Legal Representative Allison Lee, Board Project Manager Marcene Melliza, Board Analyst

## 1. AGENDA ITEM #1, CALL TO ORDER/ROLL CALL/ESTABLISHMENT OF QUORUM

Steve Weeks, Board President, called the meeting to order at approximately 10:00 a.m. and confirmed the presence of a quorum.

#### 2. AGENDA ITEM #2, BOARD PRESIDENT'S OPENING REMARKS

Mr. Weeks gave a few remarks and expressed his disappointment for not having an in-person meeting due to COVID. He hoped that the next meeting would be held in person. Mr. Weeks also reported that the Southern California DRC meeting was canceled due to COVID. Staff are working on rescheduling it.

He further stated that the Board had made huge accomplishments last year, with the highlight being SB 803 implementation. Mr. Weeks appreciated the Board members who had voted for the passing of the legislation stating that it had changed the lives of candidates for good. The legislation led to a reduction of 600 hours in required course time for students, which benefited them economically and time-wise.

Mr. Weeks also reported that Christie Tran resigned, stating that she was currently busy with her business because of COVID and the loss of personnel. Mr. Weeks thanked and appreciated her service and added that the Governor was actively reviewing other candidates for the Board. He hopes there will be a quick turnaround to get 3 or 4 new members by the next Board meeting.

Mr. Weeks reported that this would be another eventful year for the Board since they will continue implementing SB 803. He explained that standing committees will take

on more work. He stated that the Board would appoint members of the standing committees during this meeting, and the members of each Committee will then appoint their chairperson.

He also recognized the staff's efforts in the implementation of SB 803.

#### 3. AGENDA ITEM #3, BOARD MEMBER REMARKS

No Board member remarks were made.

#### 4. AGENDA ITEM #4, ANNUAL ELECTION OF OFFICERS

#### BOARD PRESIDENT

Ms. Crabtree moved to nominate Steve Weeks for President. Ms. Pham seconded. Ms. Tonya also seconded the nomination. Mr. Weeks accepted the nomination and opened up the motion for public comment. No public comments were made. Motion carried 7 yes, 0 no, and 0 abstain, per roll call vote as follows:

The following Board Members voted "Yes": Steve Weeks, Calimay Pham, Jacquelyn Crabtree, Megan Ellis, Tonya Fairley, Reese Isbell, Derick Matos.

Mr. Weeks thanked the Board members for voting for him in as President. He stated that he is anxious to serve as this will be his last year as President. He hopes that the Board will all be able to see SB 803 through to completion.

#### • VICE PRESIDENT

Ms. Crabtree moved to nominate Ms. Pham as Vice President. Mr. Weeks seconded. Ms. Pham accepted the nomination. Mr. Weeks opened up the motion for public comment. No public comments were made. Motion carried 7 yes, 0 no, and 0 abstain, per roll call vote as follows:

The following Board Members voted "Yes": Steve Weeks, Calimay Pham, Jacquelyn Crabtree, Megan Ellis, Tonya Fairley, Reese Isbell, Derick Matos.

### 5. AGENDA ITEM #5, APPOINTMENT OF COMMITTEE MEMBERS TO STANDING COMMITTEES FOR 2022.

Mr. Weeks stated that six standing committees have not been active in the recent past. The Board's small size had enabled them to deal with the committees at the Board level. Mr. Weeks stated that the standing committees could use some depth analysis, particularly with SB 803 coming in.

The committees each needed a minimum of 2 persons. The committee members would then elect their chairperson. Board members will also be active in scheduling Committee meetings necessary for the Board's business.

#### • Disciplinary Review Committee (DRC)

Mr. Weeks stated that it would be appropriate to have as many Board members here as possible who have the commitment and time to do it.

Ms. Fairley asked if the members could choose the committees they wished to join. She also asked if one could serve more than one Committee. In response, Mr. Weeks stated that one could be a member of several committees. He also stated that the members volunteered to join the Committee they wished to serve. He further pointed out that the DRC committee meetings take time and urged the members to consider the time commitment when volunteering.

Ms. Fairley also asked where one could get additional information about the committees. Ms. Underwood explained that the Board had been able to handle the committees at the Board level in the past. Now, they would be able to get several committee members with a larger board. She stated that the committees usually hold their meetings prior to the Board meeting. If there's a topic that goes to a specific committee, that Committee would recommend the entire Board. The committees would act as small structure working environments for the entire Board.

Ms. Underwood requested all Board members to volunteer to be part of the DRC. Having many members will ensure that some stand-in for others who might not make it to the meetings.

Mr. Isbell, Ms. Crabtree, Mr. Weeks, Ms. Fairley, and Ms. Pham volunteered to be members of the DRC.

#### • Education and Outreach Committee

Ms. Fairley, Mr. Isbell, Mr. Matos, and Ms. Ellis volunteered to serve on this Committee.

#### • Enforcement and Inspection Committee

Mr. Weeks and Ms. Crabtree volunteered to serve on this Committee..

#### • Legislative and Budget Committee

Mr. Isbell, Ms. Pham, Ms. Ellis, and Mr. Matos volunteered to serve on this Committee.

#### • Health and Safety Advisory Committee

Ms. Underwood explained that this Committee is statutorily required and involves other appointees from the industry. The Committee consists of members of each licensed category as well as members from the Department of Public Health, Department of Industrial Relations, infection control personnel, and a scientist. Ms. Crabtree, Ms. Pham, and Mr. Isbell volunteered to serve on this Committee.

#### • Licensing and Examination Committee

Ms. Fairley, Mr. Weeks, Ms. Crabtree, and Mr. Matos volunteered to serve on this Committee.

Mr. Weeks thanked all the Board members for volunteering. He noted that the extra committees take up much time, but they will all be crucial in implementing SB 803.

### 6. AGENDA ITEM #6, DISCUSSION AND POSSIBLE APPROVAL OF THE OCTOBER 25, 2021 BOARD MEETING MINUTES

Ms. Crabtree moved to approve the minutes. Ms. Pham seconded. Motion carried 7 yes, 0 no, and 0 abstain, per roll call vote as follows:

The following Board Members voted "Yes": Steve Weeks, Calimay Pham, Jacquelyn Crabtree, Megan Ellis, Tonya Fairley, Reese Isbell, Derick Matos.

#### 7. EXECUTIVE OFFICER'S REPORT – By Kristy Underwood

- Licensing Statistics
- Examination Statistics
- Disciplinary Review Committee Statistics
- Enforcement Statistics
- Budget Updates
- Outreach Updates
- Practice Status Survey Results
- Update of Board's 2018-2022 Strategic Plan
- SB 803 (Roth) Implementation Plan

Kristy Underwood reported that the office has lately been struggling with COVID cases and close contact. They had, therefore, decided to go back to working remotely about a week and a half ago. They hope to go back to the office in February.

Ms. Underwood reported that SB 803 would impact future Board meeting statistics. She stated that lower numbers were seen in the quarterly applications received through the holidays, which is typical for the workload. Ms. Underwood reported that changes would also be seen in the examination results as there are no longer practical exams as of January 1. There have been some implementation bumps with getting the systems to change the process. Ms. Underwood stated that they are working with the Department of Consumer Affairs and other vendors to get things to where they need to be. She explained that currently, a person who has passed a portion of the exam, whether practical or written, has a valid score for one year. This ultimately made everyone that passed the written exam in the past year eligible for licensing. Ms. Underwood stated that they were working with PSI, the computerbased testing vendor, to issue licenses for about 2,000 records. The license information had to be entered manually into the system. A team was working on this

and would hopefully get it done within the week. The people expecting a license would have one within a week or so and should be able to look it up on BreEZe, the license verification system. The next Board meeting statistics will see a huge change due to the more than 2,000 licenses being issued.

Ms. Underwood further reported that they would be looking at new ways to report on the written exam scores in the future. The exams would still be tracked by language.

Ms. Pham asked if the written exam would be the same as before or revamped. Ms. Underwood stated that the written exam is currently the same exam it's always been.

Ms. Underwood reported that the licensee population was still around 615,000.

There was also no change in the Disciplinary Review statistics because there were very few hearings. The hearings had been canceled due to the risk of COVID, and the Board was also not receiving many appeals.

Ms. Underwood reported that the enforcement statistics were standard. Mr. Weeks inquired about the inspectors in the field and how they were doing regarding COVID. Ms. Underwood stated that the inspectors were doing well. Several new inspectors had been brought on, but there were still about 5 or 6 vacancies. She added that the inspection program was probably the least impacted. She explained that the inspectors are well trained and ensure that they wear protective gear when going into establishments. The inspectors also cover some of the vacant territories, so there were no backlogs in any directeds.

Mr. Weeks also asked if some of the closed practical exams offices staff had been reabsorbed into other roles. Ms. Underwood stated that not many were absorbed since many of the positions in the exam sites were specialty positions. As such, many employees were furloughed. A few of the maintained staff are now helping in the licensing unit. There were also a few retirements, so those positions will be transferred to Sacramento as vacant so they can be filled.

Mr. Isbell wondered why the number of citations was high even though the complaints and the inspections were down. Ms. Underwood explained that when inspectors do routine inspections, it creates a citation. The Board is a citation and fine-based enforcement board that relies on the citation and fine program instead of sending citations to the Attorney General. After reviewing a citation from an inspector, the Cite and Fine unit in Sacramento determines if the citation should be issued. The citation numbers are always high because when inspectors go out to a specific establishment, they also inspect other establishments in the area, thus generating numerous citations.

Ms. Pham stated that even though in-person DRCs were canceled, some virtual ones were done last year. She asked if the virtual DRCs could continue in the future, whereby people could come on camera and give testimony. Ms. Underwood stated

that the virtual options had been considered. She pointed out that with virtual DRC, it is challenging to get many ready with the technology. She explained that written testimonies are encouraged so that a appellant does not have to appear in person. Ms. Underwood further explained that for the virtual reinstatement hearings, much work is usually done with the petitioners. For DRC, we do not have the capabilities to work with each appellant individually. Ms. Underwood further explained that when a licensee appeals a citation, the citation becomes frozen. It doesn't prevent them from working or from renewing their license. Ms. Underwood stated that there would be no negative impact on the licensee. This is an area that has always had backlogs, and Ms. Underwood hopes that the hearings would be held soon to get rid of the workload.

On the budget update, Ms. Underwood reported that the budget is stable but will have many changes this year. The following things happened which impacted the budget, and the extent of the impact is yet to be determined;

- The Governor issued licensing renewal fee waivers, so no revenue was received for renewals.
- The Board received a payback from the general fund.
- The Fairfield exam site lease was canceled SB 803.
- The lease on the Glendale exam site has not been canceled yet, and the building is currently for sale. The Board staff are working with the building owner to try and get out of the lease.
- Implementation of SB 803 has caused BreEZe costs
- PSP, which will come in a couple of months, will increase incoming revenue as well as the workload.
- The practical exam contract was canceled
- The Board will purchase new vehicles this year
- The Board is translating the updated Rules and Regulations book

Ms. Underwood reported that they met with the budget office the previous Friday, and although there are no current budget concerns, the budget report will have changes in the coming year. All of the expenses listed above had been built into the budget, therefore, the budget is secure, but it will continue to fluctuate.

Mr. Weeks noted that the fiscal year budget 21-22 was as projected. He, however, pointed out that for the months in reserve, 2021 had 36 months in reserve. This went down to 17 then 7.2, with another probability of less than 6% in the next year. He inquired the reason for the diminishment in the months in reserve. In response, Ms. Underwood stated that it's because of what happened with the renewal fees and their payback. She stated that the reserve should never be at 35.9, but the 7.2 and 5.9 months in reserve were standard. She further stated that the numbers increased since the budgeting was done out of the Board's control. Ms. Underwood stated that the the the budget changes will even out.

Mr. Weeks asked what other Boards maintained as their months in reserve. Ms. Underwood stated that this Board was one of the lucky ones in the Department. She pointed out that from her 25-year experience in DCA, she had learned that some boards did not have months in reserve and so they had to watch their budgets closely. However, the Board had been stable for many years.

Mr. Weeks asked what the Department wanted to see as the average month in reserve. Ms. Underwood stated that some Boards have it in their statute that they cannot have more than a three-month reserve. This Board does not have anything in statute, and having 35 months in reserve was not practical. However, Ms. Underwood pointed out that the Board will need to review its fees this year due to the elimination of the practical exam.

In response to Ms. Fairley, Ms. Underwood explained that PSP stands for Personal Service Permit that the Board will be implementing. A licensee can apply for a personal service permit to go along with their other licenses to allow them to do personal services outside of a licensed establishment. PSP has limited services compared to those carried out in a licensed establishment. Ms. Underwood further stated that PSP has been in the works for about four years. The Board has been working on it, and the regulations have already been implemented. Only the IT systems had to be finalized, and this is expected to be complete by March or April. Ms. Underwood explained that to get a PSP, one had to do a fingerprint background check with the Department of Justice since they would be going into people's homes.

Ms. Crabtree inquired about the fee being charged for licensing. Ms. Underwood stated that the fees vary with the type of license. A manicurist pays around \$35 to \$50, and the exam fee is about \$75. In total, the fee is about \$120 to \$125 for an initial application. Ms. Underwood stated a statute stating that the Board will only charge what it costs them to process applications. These are the fees that will be reviewed. Ms. Crabtree opined that that was not much money, but she would support whatever the Board decided.

Mr. Weeks asked if the costs were high or low when compared to other Boards in the industry. Ms. Underwood stated that the fees are lower due to the high population that brings the cost down. Other states do not have a huge volume, so processing the applications costs them more.

Regarding outreach updates, Ms. Underwood reported that she gave updates at some events virtually and mentioned events that are tentatively scheduled for the future. She is scheduled to attend another meeting with the Council for State Governments regarding the project for compact licensing. In this project, the Board will have the option to enter a compact so that anyone licensed in California can work in another state that is part of the compact with the same license. The meeting will be held in Washington, D.C. in March.

On SB 803 implementation plan, Ms. Underwood reported that staff had made a lot of progress in implementing the legislation. Since the Board members increased, the Governor's office is working on getting the new members. She reported that the new

hairstylist license will take some time to implement since several things have to be done first – such as, an occupational analysis and exam development. Ms. Underwood stated that they had entered into a contract with the Department of Consumer Affairs to handle the workload. It will take a minimum of 18 months to get the license implemented. Ms. Fairley asked if industry experts were helping with the implementations or it was just DCA. Ms. Underwood stated that the implementers are all industry professionals. They are the coordinators and know the business of conducting occupational analysis. DCA has an office of professional examination services.

Ms. Underwood further reported that the esthetician scope was updated. An industry bulletin was posted on the website to provide information. Estheticians can now provide dermaplaning. Lash and brow tinting are still unavailable because the FDA has not approved a product. The only way to make lash and brow tinting happen in California is by changing the regulations. The Health and Safety Committee will review the regulations at the next meeting proposed for March.

Ms. Underwood reported that reciprocity has changed from the previous 3 out of the last 5 years of licensure requirement. Now, an individual can get a license in California with a valid license from another state. This has already been implemented with only a few technical IT pieces to be taken care of.

The pre-apprentice training required by the Board will take some time to implement because a curriculum must be developed and web-based. These services will be contracted out with the help of DCA. They will look for a vendor who will develop a system that will ensure that no one skips the training. The goal is to have this completed within the next 12 months. The apprentice program will continue running as usual until the Board implements the changes. Ms. Fairley asked if the pre-apprentice training program would have a test site in Sacramento or everything would be done online. Ms. Underwood stated that the aim is to be 100% online.

Ms. Underwood reported that the Board no longer accepts pre-apps. Most of the pre-apps that were in the system have been processed. A few applicants still need proof of training documents submitted to the Board. These are slowly getting cleaned up within the database.

Movers have been removing equipment from the two facilities for the last two weeks. The removal of the practical exam facility and the staffing has been taken care of. There is a new process where an applicant will apply and get scheduled only for the written exam. This is the most complicated IT aspect, but the result will be smooth. When the system is up and running, the applications will be processed quickly, and the student will get notification from PSI. The student will then be able to go online and schedule their exams at the request of whichever location they would like to attend. The students will also be able to call PSI directly and schedule exams. Mr. Matos asked how many test sites are currently active in California. Ms. Underwood stated that at least 15 are active. She further stated that there is a future possibility of the testing going entirely online instead of having some on-site. Processes to monitor the virtual testing will also have to be implemented. The mobile unit has been implemented. It consisted of updating how applications are processed.

Regarding the school curriculum, as of January 13, 159 schools have submitted applications to the Board for a new course. 146 applications have been approved and 13 were still pending. As of the morning of January 24, the approved applications had gone up to 155. Some schools opted to maintain their hours. Others have reduced to 1000 hours or 1200 hours. SB 803 allowed a minimum of 1000 hours, but schools could offer more. Other schools have come up with a 1500hour program. California State Board has always had 1600 hours, but most of the schools that have been approved have gone to 1000 hours for barbering and 1000 hours for cosmetology. Mr. Weeks proposed that the Board make a statement on the website listing all the approved schools and stating that hours may vary by school and that one should check with individual schools to inform people that the hours are not standard. Ms. Crabtree wondered how many people would enroll in schools doing 1600 hours, considering others are doing 1000 hours. Ms. Underwood stated that we may never know since the Board does not oversee enrollments. This is something that should be revisited in the newly formed committees. Ms. Underwood stated that the Board had started receiving applications from students that claimed to have completed 1000 hours. She reached out to some of these schools to confirm their claims. She said that it was possible for a student to dis-enroll from the 1600 hours program and re-enroll in a 1000-hour program. The hours are also transferable if they are like for like.

Ms. Underwood also stated that they are working on a process that will reduce the potential for fraud. They've also been cleaning up the SB 803 language and will get input from the schools on preventing fraud. Changes will also need to be made to the proof of training document. Ms. Underwood stated that many students enrolled in 1600 hours were asking if they qualify for an exam if they have completed 1000 hours. This is not the case as the student must complete the program before taking an exam. Both the Board and the Bureau approve the new programs to ensure that the courses are legitimate. Ms. Underwood confirmed that very few schools allowed their students to drop out and then re-enroll for the 1000 hours. She also confirmed that a student's previous hours could apply in case of a re-enrolment.

Mr. Weeks asked if any schools required a minimum enrolment period to complete their program. Ms. Underwood was not aware of any such cases.

Mr. Matos asked if there was any baseline for curriculums or the schools could submit for different curricula. He stated that previously, there was a standard that they all had to reach with the reduction in hours. Ms. Underwood stated that there is a curriculum set in statute now instead of being in regulation. The schools need to have a standard curriculum. Ms. Underwood stated that when reviewing the curriculum for a school, they look at the minimum 1000 hours and ensure that it covers the content in the statute set by SB 803. The content is the same, but a school can have more. Mr. Matos also asked if the school will be required to notate that or it is the Board that does that. Ms. Underwood stated that a school must disclose to a student that the law requires 1000 hours, but the course requires 1600 hours. This falls under the Bureau of private/post-secondary, not the Board.

Ms. Crabtree noted that the hours being shifted do not include as many technical requirements within the 1000 hours. Ms. Underwood stated that most schools had used the breakdown in the statute. However, this breakdown does not go up to 1000 hours, so most schools transferred other skills to their curriculum.

Ms. Underwood reported that the extern program language needed some clean-up. The changes in SB 803 for the externs only mentioned cosmetologists, but it should also include barbers. This might get into a bill this year for the clean-up.

The practice status survey needed to be updated. This has been completed.

SB 803 required the fine schedule to be reviewed to determine what direct impact on consumer safety each of the Board's fines has. This will be taken up with the Health and Safety Committee. Once the entire Board approves any recommendations from the Committee, regulations will be put in place. This is a long process that might take about two years. The fine schedule review could also take some time to be implemented.

Mr. Matos cited some language in the extern program proposal that a student was only required to complete 25% of the required minimum hours and then spent the rest of the time in the shops or salons. Ms. Underwood clarified that that was incorrect as the student only must spend 25% of the required minimum hours in the shops and salons.

Ms. Underwood reported that the SB 803 information page is on the website with the Q&A section. The bill is also on the page, plus the new laws and regulations. The Board members appreciated the staff for completing 70% of the implementation of SB 803 in such a short time.

Mr. Isbell requested updates on the process of new Board members' spaces that are currently available and the timing. He was worried about future quorums. Ms. Underwood stated that she was working with Deputy Director Carrie Holmes to get new Board members and was hopeful that there'll be at least two new members by the next meeting. She stated that the three industry seats available are for an esthetician, an electrologist, and a manicurist. Public members attending the meeting were urged to go to the Governor's website and submit applications.

Mr. Weeks opened up for public comment. Wendy Cochran from California Aesthetic Alliance thanked Ms. Underwood for attending Ventura's California Aesthetic Alliance compliance event. She stated that the date for the event is Sunday, February 27, not 26. She also thanked the Board for helping the Alliance expand its scope of practice. She added that they were planning an education in dermaplaning and its safety, lash lift and brow laminations, and safety in all those services.

#### 8. AGENDA ITEM #8, STATUS UPDATES REGARDING RULE MAKING PROPOSALS – By Kristy Underwood

- a) Apprenticeship
- b) Externs
- c) Disciplinary Guidelines
- d) Disciplinary Review Committee

Ms. Underwood stated that two regulation packages are on hold because they needed some legislative clean-up; the Extern regulation package and the Disciplinary Review Committee.

The statutory change needed for Disciplinary Review Committee was missed in SB 803. It will need clean up language to allow the Board to pay the members of the Committee.

The Apprenticeship and Disciplinary Guidelines packages are currently under internal review. Ms. Underwood reported that they are working with Consumer Affairs Regulation unit to get through the regulations. No action was needed on the packages as it was just an update.

#### 9. AGENDA ITEM #9, RULEMAKING: SB 803 CLEAN-UP

Proposed language for the clean-up of SB 803 was presented to the Board. No action was needed on this package. The following was proposed;

- The word 'hairstylist' will be added in various sections.
- Clarify the proof of training requirements.
- Remove sections that no longer apply, such as the pre-application process.
- Clean up and update forms.

All the above will come back to the Board at the next meeting. A final regulation package will be presented to be voted on.

Ms. Pham proposed having all the licensing categories listed as the definition of goods standing. She cited Section 7395.1 and noted that it only listed apprenticeship. Others like electrologists should also be added.

Mr. Weeks noted that a paragraph in Section 12 Item C had been struck out. Mr. Weeks felt that that paragraph should be left in since it ensures the schools give some advice to people entering the profession for the first time. Ms. Underwood explained that the language was not set in statute and thus did not need a standalone recommendation in regulation. The possibility of including a recommendation in the language will be considered.

#### 10. AGENDA ITEM #10, RULEMAKING: TRANSFER OF CREDIT OR TRAINING-Kristy Underwood.

The statute states that "like for like" can be transferred. The Board looked at the transfer of credit in the past and had recommended that the regulation be removed entirely because the statute stated that the same things could be transferred from one course to another. The Department's legal unit felt that the statute should be clarified further in regulation. The prior language had been struck out, and the current one made it clear for each license type.

The Board's approval would immediately start the regulatory process. After approval, it would have to go for internal reviews and then public comment. Any comments and changes would then be brought back to the Board to be voted on again.

Ms. Fairley asked if this is based on the new 1000-hour requirements. She also inquired about the process of determining the number of hours for each individual item. Ms. Underwood stated that it would depend on the school and the student. The school would have to look up information on the student and determine what they need to do.

Ms. Crabtree moved to approve the proposed regulatory text for Section 950.10, direct staff to submit the text to the Director of the Department of Consumer Affairs and the Business, Consumer Services, and Housing Agency for review and if no adverse comments are received, authorize the Executive Officer to take all steps necessary to initiate the rulemaking process, make any non-substantive changes to the package, and set the matter for a hearing if requested. If no adverse comments are received during the 45-day comment period and no hearing is requested, authorize the Executive Officer to take all steps necessary to complete the rulemaking and adopt the proposed regulations at Section 950.10 as noticed. Ms. Pham seconded.

Mr. Weeks opened up the motion for public comment. Ms. Wendy Cochran stated that the clean-up language for SB 803 should mention the body as a whole and not call out specific body parts. She also stated that the hairstylist-only licensee should not be allowed to perform facial and skin care services. Regarding crossover, Ms. Cochran argued that electrologists had been forgotten in the language. She felt that the process should be accessible for estheticians to crossover to electrology since they have been trained in similar aspects.

Motion carried 7 yes, 0 no, and 0 abstain, per roll call vote as follows:

The following Board Members voted "Yes": Steve Weeks, Calimay Pham, Jacquelyn Crabtree, Megan Ellis, Tonya Fairley, Reese Isbell, Derick Matos.

#### 11. AGENDA ITEM #11, COMMENTS RECEIVED REGARDING PROPOSED REGULATION: INSTRUCTIONAL MATERIAL – By Kristy Underwood

This regulation package is regarding the approval of textbooks by the National Interstate Council (NIC). NIC does not approve textbooks; therefore, this change was proposed to take that language out. The language had been clarified as the Board had previously approved. There was a 45-day comment period on these regulations and two public comments were received.

Ms. Underwood proposed rejecting the comments, providing responses to the comments as indicated on the packet materials, and completing the regulatory process.

Ms. Crabtree moved to direct staff to reject the comments, provide the responses to the comments as indicated in the meeting materials, and complete the regulatory process. Ms. Pham seconded. No public comments were made.

Motion carried 7 yes, 0 no, and 0 abstain, per roll call vote as follows:

The following Board Members voted "Yes": Steve Weeks, Calimay Pham, Jacquelyn Crabtree, Megan Ellis, Tonya Fairley, Reese Isbell, Derick Matos.

Mr. Isbell requested that the Board look at more inclusive language in the future rather than "non-English" as it is negative.

#### 12. AGENDA ITEM#12, PUBLIC COMMENT ON ITEMS NOT ON THE AGENDA

Jamie Schrabeck of Precision Nails urged the Board to take a more active role in the upcoming Sunset Review for the Bureau of Private Post-Secondary Education. She argued that the Board had shared oversight with most of it belonging to the Bureau. The Bureau was only authorized for another year - so this was the Board's chance to gain sole oversight if that's what the Board wants.

#### 13. AGENDA ITEM#13, SUGGESTIONS FOR FUTURE AGENDA ITEMS

Ms. Fairley proposed having on the agenda the types of activities that the Board members can participate in outside of the Board. Mr. Weeks responded that a Board member's presence, particularly in individual school activities like an opening, could be implied as an endorsement of that school by the Board. He further stated that such occurrences could be used against the members. He recounted an incident where such had happened, and the owner of the school had made it look like the Board members were sponsoring the school.

Ms. Pham proposed reviewing the written exam pass rates for non-English takers. Look at the causes and possible solutions for these language access issues.

Mr. Isbell suggested having a session where the Board members can get to know each other better since there will be more new people.

Ms. Underwood stated that the new strategic plan would be taking place soon. No date has been set. She hoped to have new members join. The strategic plan is in its last year. There will be planning for the next five years of the Board.

#### 14. AGENDA ITEM #14, ADJOURNMENT

There being no further business to discuss, the meeting adjourned at approximately 11:55 a.m.



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### MEMORANDUM

DATE	April 25, 2022
то	Board of Barbering and Cosmetology
FROM	Alex Torkelson, Licensing and Operations Chief
SUBJECT	Agenda Item 6 Administration/Operations Report

#### **Staffing Update**

On February 8, 2022, the Board hired Vicky Saavedra as the new Administration and Operations Manager. Ms. Saavedra came from the Board of Vocational Nursing and Psychiatric Technicians.

#### Vacancies

The Administration Unit is recruiting for a Management Services Technician, a Regulations and Contracts Staff Services Analyst, and a Schools Staff Services Analyst.

#### **Board Telephones to Teams**

The Board worked with the Department of Consumer Affair's (DCA) Office of Information Systems to merge desk telephones to Microsoft Teams, and this was completed and is now fully operational as of February 2022. Merging desk telephones to Microsoft Teams means staff now answer the phones on their computers and use headsets to do so.

#### **Emails**

The Board is looking at options for minimizing the number of emails received from the public. The volume of emails has increased and it's taking staff from their normal workload to keep up with answering emails from the public. The Board averages 242 emails a day.

#### Strategic Plan

An email was sent to the Board's stakeholders on March 29, 2022, regarding the strategic plan and the stakeholders providing input via a survey on how BBC is doing identifying "seeds, weeds, and needs." Managers will also be having interviews with SOLID, DCA's training and planning solutions unit, to identify the same areas.

**Seeds** cultivate growth in the organization. What is the program doing well? **Weeds** hinder growth and stifle potential. What does the program need to eliminate or change? **Needs** induce growth and enable the organization to harvest its potential. What does the program need that they don't have? There is a strategic plan planning session meeting scheduled for July 26<sup>th</sup> hosted by SOLID. They will lead the meeting and help guide us on creating the new strategic plan. After the details have been worked out, then SOLID will write up the strategic plan.

#### **Budget Projection Reports and Fund Condition**

Below is the Budget Report Fiscal Year (FY) 2021-22 Expenditure Projection based on Fiscal Month (FM) 8 (February 2022). Based on these projections, the Board is scheduled to revert \$1,716,293 back into the Board Fund.

#### Board of Barbering and Cosmetology FM 8 Fiscal Year 2021/22 Projected Expenditures 02/28/2022

Projected Expenditures 02/28/2022							
Personnel Services	ALLOTMENT	BBC Projected Expenditures	Projected Year				
5100 Permanent	5,621,000	4,581,814	1,039,186				
5100 Temporary	587,000	673,438	(86,438)				
5105-5108 Per Diem, Overtime & Lump Sum	0	169,714	(169,714)				
5150 Staff Benefits	3,221,000	2,777,979	443,021				
5170 Salary Savings	0	0	0				
Total of Personnel Services	9,429,000	8,202,945	1,226,055				
Operating Expenses & Equipment (OE&E)	Allotment	BBC Projected Expenditures	Projected Year End Balance				
5301 General Expense	166,000	125,206	40,794				
5302 Printing	250,000	549,203	(299,203)				
5304 Communication	21,000	44,539	(23,539)				
5306 Postage	232,000	25,123	206,877				
5308 Insurance	4,000	10,898	(6,898)				
53202-204 Travel In State	73,000	38,348	34,652				
53206-208 Travel, Out-of-State	0	1,275	(1,275)				
5322 Training	11,000	2,970	8,030				
5324 Facilities Operations	1,022,000	1,128,081	(106,081)				
53402-53404 Attorney General, OAH, C&P Services Interdept	1,672,000	383,663	1,288,337				
53404-53405 Consultant & Professional Svs External	1,646,000	1,977,555	(331,555)				
5342 DCA Pro Rata	6,144,000	6,144,000	0				
5342 Interagency Services	1,000	161,012	(160,012)				
5344 Consolidated Data Center	68,000	51,000	17,000				
5346 Information Technology	38,000	66,946	(28,946)				
5362-5368 Equipment	131,000	209,536	(78,536)				
5390 Other Items of Expense & Vehicles	43,000	77,562	(34,562)				
54 Special Items and Expenses	0	34,846	(34,846)				
Total Operating Expenses & Equipment	11,522,000	11,031,763	490,237				
Total Expenses	20,951,000	19,234,707	1,716,293				
Schedule Reim. Other	(57,000)	(31,443)					
Net Appropriation	20,894,000	19,203,265	1,716,293				

The below analysis of the Board's Fund Condition projects to have 26.0 months in reserve for FY 2021-22. This means the Board would be able to continue to operate for 26 months without collecting any additional revenue. Due to expenditures naturally increasing, the Board's fund will start to decrease, beginning FY 2022-23, down to 20.2 months of revenue in reserves.

#### 0069 - Barbering and Cosmetology Contingency Fund Analysis of Fund Condition

(Dollars in Thousands)

2022-23 Governor's Budget

	vernor 5 Duuger	
w_FM	6 Projections	

w_FM 6 Projection	۵	2	PY 020-21	:	CY 2021-22		overnor's Budget BY 2022-23	:	BY+1 2023-24
BEGINNING BALANCE		s	46,274	\$	23,812	\$	33,639	\$	37,501
Prior Year Adjustm	ent	s	439	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Adjusted Beginn	ing Balance	\$	46,713	\$	23,812	\$	33,639	\$	37,501
REVENUES AND TRAN	ISFERS								
4121200	Delinquent Fees	s	1,047	\$	1,078	s	1,106	\$	1,106
4127400	Renewal Fees	s	9,306	\$	9,551	\$	9,838	\$	9,838
4129200	Other Regulatory Fees	s	1,127	\$	5,135	s	5,289	\$	5,289
4129400	Other Regulatory Licenses and Permits	s	2,974	\$	3,058	\$	3,149	\$	3,149
4143500	Miscellaneous Services to the Public	s	20	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
4163000	Investment Income - Surplus Money Investments	s	184	\$	584	\$	542	\$	542
4171400		s	16	\$	12	\$	12	\$	12
4172500	Miscellaneous Revenue	\$	5	\$	8	\$	8	\$	8
4173500	Settlements and Judgements	s	8	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Total Revenue	25	\$	14,687	\$	19,426	\$	19,944	\$	19,944
Transfers to Other F	unde								
	Loan from the Barbering and Cosmetology Contingent Fund (0069) to the Gene	S	-25,000	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
1	Total Revenues, Transfers, and Other Adjustments	\$	-10,313	\$	19,426	\$	19,944	\$	19,944
	Total Resources	\$	36,400	\$	43,238	\$	53,583	\$	57,445
EXPENDITURES									
1111 Departmen	t of Consumer Affairs Regulatory Boards, Bureaus, Divisions (State Operations)	S	18.313	s	19.632	s	20.221	s	20,828
	ntal Pension Payments (State Operations)	s	316	s	316	s	316	s	316
	General Administrative Expenditures (Pro Rata) (State Operations)	s	1.115	s	1,189	s	1,189	s	1,189
	vided by the General Fund (State Operations)	s	-7,156	\$	-12,800	\$	-5,644	\$	-
Total Disburse	an ante	s	12,588	\$	8.337	s	16.082	s	22,333
Total Disburse	er ner n.s	•	12,000	\$	0,337	\$	10,062	\$	22,000
FUND BALANCE				_					
Reserve for econor	nic uncertainties	s	23,812	\$	34,901	\$	37,501	\$	35,112
Months in Reserve			34.3		26.0		20.2		18.4

NOTES:

A. ASSUMES WORKLOAD AND REVENUE PROJECTIONS ARE REALIZED IN BY+1 AND ON-GOING.

B. ASSUMES APPROPRIATION GROWTH OF 3% PER YEAR BEGINNING IN BY+1. C. ASSUMES INTEREST RATE AT 1.5%.



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### MEMORANDUM

SUBJECT	Agenda Item 6 Licensing, Exams, and Disciplinary Review Committee Report
FROM	Alex Torkelson, Licensing and Operations Chief
то	Board of Barbering and Cosmetology
DATE	April 25, 2022

#### Staffing Updates

On February 23, 2022 Nichole Lewis, started with the Licensing Unit as a Seasonal Clerk and on February 28, 2022, Kristen Pacol started with the Licensing Unit as a Seasonal Clerk.

On February 23, 2022, the Board's previous examination manager, Melanie Allen, became the Board's Licensing Manager due to the shutdown of the exam sites pursuant to SB 803.

On March 1, 2022 two new Program Technician IIs, Ashley McFall and Yoon Teurn, started with the Licensing Unit.

#### **Vacancies**

The Licensing Unit is recruiting for three permanent Program Technician II positions. Licensing is also seeking approval for additional limited term Program Technician II positions to handle the increase in emails.

#### Licensing Updates

#### Personal Services Permit

The Personal Services Permit (PSP) was implemented on March 24, 2022. PSP allows licensees who have held a valid license for a minimum of two consecutive years to apply to perform limited services outside of a licensed establishment for barbers, cosmetologists, manicurists, and estheticians. Applicants must also be fingerprinted via Live Scan, carry and provide \$1,000,000 minimum liability insurance, and pay the application fee.

#### Performance Measures

#### Applications Received

The amount of applications received increased from 9,099 to 12,549, a 38% increase, from the prior quarter. This is due to the pre-application and practical exam being eliminated. The Board advised applicants to not submit any more pre-applications towards the end of 2021 and not apply until they had graduated. With that and applicants holding off on applying until the practical exam was officially eliminated as of January 1, 2022, we saw a decrease in applications in the last quarter and an increase this quarter.

License Type Jul-Sept Oct-Dec Jan-Mar Apr-June YTD								
License Type	Jul-Sept	Oct-Dec	Jan-Mar	Apr-June	YTD			
Personal Service Permit			2		2			
Establishment	1,927	1,551	1,862		5,340			
Mobile Unit	3	2	8		13			
Barber								
Pre-App	311	64	1		376			
Initial Application	362	367	821		1,550			
Re-Exam	532	392	536		1,460			
<u>Sub-Total</u>	1,205	823	<u> </u>		<u> </u>			
Reciprocity	42	29	70		141			
Apprentice	346	324	323		993			
Cosmetology								
Pre-App	615	130			745			
Initial Application	845	861	1,665		3,371			
Re-Exam	1,099	857	1,064		3,020			
<u>Sub-Total</u>	2,559	1,848	2,729		7,136			
Reciprocity	305	247	421		973			
Apprentice	198	229	250		677			
Electrology								
Pre-App	13	6			19			
Initial Application	8	6	18		32			
Re-Exam	6	6	6		18			
<u>Sub-Total</u>	27	18	24		69			
Reciprocity			2		2			
Apprentice								
Esthetician								
Pre-App	984	248	1		1,233			
Initial Application	1,039	1,025	2,249		4,313			
Re-Exam	1,154	1,055	1,038		3,247			
<u>Sub-Total</u>	3,177	2,328	3,288		8,793			
Reciprocity	117	90	245		452			
Manicurist								
Pre-App	673	146			819			
Initial Application	658	726	1,111		2,495			
Re-Exam	1,034	606	648		2,288			
<u>Sub-Total</u>	2,365	1,478	1,759		<u>5,602</u>			
Reciprocity	113	134	218		465			
Total	12,381	9,099	12,549	_	34,042			

#### **Quarterly Applications Received Fiscal Year 21/22**

#### Written Exam Results

The highest pass rates for the English exam in order of license types are electrology at 80%, cosmetology at 73%, manicuring at 69%, esthetician at 67%, and then barbering at 66%.

The highest pass rates for the Korean exam in order of license types are cosmetology at 86%, esthetician at 73%, barbering at 50%, and then manicuring at 38%. No Korean applicants took an electrology exam.

The highest pass rates for the Spanish exams in order of license types are for manicuring at 77%, esthetician at 51%, barbering at 40%, and cosmetology at 35%. No Spanish applicants took the electrology exam. Overall, the Spanish exam has the lowest average pass rate out of all the exams.

The highest pass rates for the Vietnamese exam in order of license types are for barbering at 82%, manicuring at 75%, cosmetology at 72%, and esthetician at 64%. No Vietnamese applicants took the electrology exam.

Barber	Passed	Failed	Total	Pass Rate		
English	722	377	1,099	66%		
Korean	3	3	6	50%		
Spanish	54	82	136	40%		
Vietnamese	23	5	28	82%		
Total	802	467	1,269	63%		

#### Written Exam Results January 1, 2022 - March 31, 2022

Cosmo	Passed	Failed	Total	Pass Rate
English	1,660	626	2,286	73%
Korean	18	3	21	86%
Spanish	141	267	408	35%
Vietnamese	97	38	135	72%
Total	1,916	934	2,850	67%

Esthetician	Passed	Failed	Total	Pass Rate
English	1,783	882	2,665	67%
Korean	11	4	15	73%
Spanish	21	20	41	51%
Vietnamese	145	82	227	64%
Total	1,960	988	2,948	66%

Manicurist	Passed	Failed	Total	Pass Rate
English	740	333	1,073	69%
Korean	3	5	8	38%
Spanish	48	14	62	77%
Vietnamese	616	202	818	75%
Total	1,407	554	1,961	72%

Electrologist	Passed	Failed	Total	Pass Rate
English	20	6	25	80%
Korean	0	0	0	N/A
Spanish	0	0	0	N/A
Vietnamese	0	0	0	N/A
Total	20	6	25	80%

#### Written Exam Results by Educational Background

Exam passing scores for candidates coming from California school programs is much higher than scores of candidates coming from apprentice programs and out of country school backgrounds. Electrologists have a 76% pass rate, cosmetologists have a 74% pass rate, manicurists have a 72% pass rate, barbers have a 70% pass rate, and estheticians have a 66% pass rate.

#### Written Exam Results January 1, 2022 – March 31, 2022 Comparison of Schools, Apprentice Programs, and Out of Country

#### Written Exam Results - Apprentice Program

License Type	Passed	Failed	Total	Pass Rate
Barber	198	174	372	53%
Cosmetologist	175	251	426	41%
Total	373	425	798	47%

#### Written Exam Results - Out of Country

License Type	Passed	Failed	Total	Pass Rate
Barber	17	36	53	32%
Cosmetologist	57	86	143	40%
Electrologist	1	0	1	100%
Esthetician	27	17	44	61%
Manicure	21	22	43	49%
Total	123	161	284	43%

#### Written Exam Results - School Program

License Type	Passed	Failed	Total	Pass Rate
Barber	587	257	844	70%
Cosmetologist	1,684	597	2,281	74%
Electrologist	19	6	25	76%
Esthetician	1,925	971	2,896	66%
Manicurist	1,386	532	1,918	72%
Total	5,601	2,363	7,964	70%

#### Written Exam Results by Language

Candidates that attended a California school had a much better average pass rate overall no matter what language as compared to students from out of the country or from apprentice programs

#### Written Exam Results by Language January 1, 2022 - March 31, 2022 Comparison of Schools, Apprentice Programs, and Out of Country

Apprentice Programs					
Barber	Passed	Failed	Total	Pass Rate	
English	175	139	314	56%	
Spanish	23	35	58	40%	
Total	198	174	372	53%	

Cosmo	Passed	Failed	Total	Pass Rate
English	89	84	173	51%
Spanish	84	152	236	36%
Vietnamese	2	15	17	12%
Total	175	251	426	41%

#### **Out of Country Schools**

Barber	Passed	Failed	Total	Pass Rate
English	14	19	33	42%
Korean	0	3	3	0%
Spanish	3	14	17	18%
Total	17	36	53	32%

Cosmetologist	Passed	Failed	Total	Pass Rate
English	34	52	86	40%
Korean	1	0	1	100%
Spanish	10	33	43	23%
Vietnamese	12	1	13	92%
Total	57	86	143	40%

Electrology	Passed	Failed	Total	Pass Rate
English	1	0	1	100%
Total	1	0	1	100%

Esthetician	Passed	Failed	Total	Pass Rate
English	7	12	19	37%
Spanish	0	4	4	0%
Vietnamese	1	0	1	100%
Total	8	16	24	33%

Manicurist	Passed	Failed	Total	Pass Rate
English	1	13	14	7%
Vietnamese	3	2	5	60%
Total	4	15	19	21%

School Programs					
Barber	Passed	Failed	Total	Pass Rate	
English	533	219	752	71%	
Korean	3	0	3	100%	
Spanish	28	33	61	46%	
Vietnamese	23	5	28	82%	
Total	587	257	844	70%	

Cosmo	Passed	Failed	Total	Pass Rate
English	1,537	490	2,027	76%
Korean	17	3	20	85%
Spanish	47	82	129	36%
Vietnamese	83	22	105	<b>79%</b>
Total	1,684	597	2,281	74%

Electrologist	Passed	Failed	Total	Pass Rate
English	19	6	25	76%
Total	19	6	25	76%

Esthetician	Passed	Failed	Total	Pass Rate
English	1,751	871	2,622	67%
Korean	11	4	15	73%
Spanish	18	15	33	55%
Vietnamese	145	81	226	64%
Total	1,925	971	2,896	66%

Manicurist	Passed	Failed	Total	Pass Rate
English	724	316	1,040	70%
Korean	3	5	8	38%
Spanish	47	14	61	77%
Vietnamese	612	197	809	76%
Total	1,386	532	1,918	72%

#### Licenses Issued

The total number of licenses issued has increased by 2,479, a 40% increase, since the last quarter. This can be due to in the previous quarter, SB 803 passing and the practical exam and pre-application being eliminated, so candidates either could not apply as a pre-applicant and had to wait untilgraduation to apply, or held off on applying in anticipation of not having to take the practical exam come January 1, 2022.

License Type	Jul-Sept	Oct- Dec	Jan- Mar	Apr- June	YTD
Barber	607	548	791		1,946
Barber Apprentice	438	305	280		1,023
Cosmetology	1,709	1,269	1,809		4,787
Cosmetology Apprentice	257	209	203		669
Electrology	12	14	25		51
Electrology Apprentice	0	0	0		0
Esthetician	1,330	1,458	2,207		4,995
Manicurist	511	827	1,845		3,183
Establishment	1,932	1,558	1,517		5,007
Mobile Unit	0	0	0		0
Totals	6,796	6,188	8,677		21,661

#### Licenses Issued Fiscal Year 21/22

#### Licenses Issued Last 5 Years

The Board anticipates the number of licenses issued in FY 21/22 to surpass pre-pandemic levels. We see the number of licenses issued rising as we come out of the pandemic and the numbers should eventually get back to levels shown before FY 19/20.

License Type	FY 17/18	FY 18/19	FY 19/20	FY 20/21	FY 21/22*
Barber	2,259	1,966	1,691	1,085	1,946
Barber Apprentice	885	854	810	874	1,023
Cosmetology	7,085	6,468	4,810	3,153	4,787
Cosmetology Apprentice	727	842	642	584	669
Electrology	22	31	30	26	51
Electrology Apprentice	1	0	0	0	0
Esthetician	4,007	4,890	3,699	2,887	4,995
Manicurist	3,787	4,414	3,437	2,065	3,183
Establishment	7,609	7,706	6,937	6,302	5,007
Mobile Unit	2	0	0	0	0
Totals	26,384	27,171	22,056	16,976	21,661

#### **Licenses Issued Last 5 Years**

\*Data updated through March, 2022

#### License Population

Compared to the previous quarter, the license population has increased by 0.45%.

Barber	34,131
Barber Apprentice	2,010
Cosmetology	302,345
Cosmetology Apprentice	1,421
Electrology	1,584
Electrology Apprentice	-
Esthetician	94,653
Manicurist	126,304
Establishment	55,822
Mobile Unit	60
Total	618,330

#### **License Population**

#### **Disciplinary Review Committee Appeals**

Compared to the previous quarter, for the North, the amount of appeals received has decreased by 19% and the amount pending has increased by 33%. Compared to the previous quarters for the South, the amount of appeals received has decreased by 11% and the amount pending has increased by 20%. The amount heard for both regions remains at 0.

#### **Disciplinary Review Committee Appeals Fiscal Year 21/22**

Northern	Jul - Sept	Oct - Dec	Jan - Mar	YTD
Heard	7	0	0	7
Received	20	47	38	105
Pending <sup>1</sup>	61	107	142	142²

Southern	Jul - Sept	Oct - Dec	Jan - Mar	YTD
Heard	30	0	0	30
Received	51	84	75	210
Pending <sup>1</sup>	287	367	441	441²

<sup>1</sup>Pending refers to the number of appeals received but not yet heard by DRC.

<sup>2</sup>Figure represents number of pending requests as of report date 03/31/2022.











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### MEMORANDUM

DATE	April 25, 2022
то	Board of Barbering and Cosmetology
FROM	Nicole Quinn, Enforcement Chief
SUBJECT	Agenda Item 6 Enforcement, Inspections, and Cite and Fine Report

#### Staffing Update

In November 2021, the Enforcement Unit welcomed Macy Quitoriano as its new Enforcement Manager. Macy comes to the Board with an extensive background in Quality Management gained from years of experience with the California Correctional Health Care System and Department of Corrections.

On April 1, 2022, the Inspections Unit welcomed Monica Williams as its new Inspector I. Inspector Williams, will be assigned to the Northern California Team in the Sacramento Region. She comes to the Board with an extensive background in investigations gained from many years of experience with the County of Sacramento, Department of Welfare Fraud.

#### Vacancies

The Enforcement Unit is currently recruiting for two analyst positions. Filling these positions will ease the workload currently handled by the Enforcement Team.

As of April 1, 2022, there is an Inspector III Supervisor position open in Southern California as the previous, transitioned into a different role within the California Contractor State Licensing Board.

Currently there are nine vacancies for both Northern and Southern California for Inspector positions.

Vacant Inspector Positions				
Classification	Location			
Inspector I	Los Angeles County			
Inspector I	Santa Clara County			
Inspector I / II	Los Angeles County			
Inspector I / II	Orange County			
Inspector I / II	Orange County			
Inspector II	San Bernardino County			
Inspector II	Northern Counties			
Inspector III	Central			
Inspector III	South			

#### **ENFORCEMENT**

#### **Probation**

Two licensees completed their probation last quarter, leaving 145 total probationers. The probation monitor currently has 114 active cases and 31 cases that are tolled because the licensee is not working. No probationers were referred to the Attorney General's Office for a Petition to Revoke Probation last quarter. There is currently 1 Immediate Suspension case open.

#### Attorney General's Office

As shown in the attached enforcement statistics, the referred DAG cases were decreased from FY 2019/20 to FY 2020/21. This decrease was primarily due to COVID. During the COVID outbreak, cases were being delayed partially due to, inspections not being conducted, and DRC cases not being heard. This fiscal year's Referred cases has continued to see similar numbers to FY 2020/21.

#### <u>Schools</u>

The Board currently has 246 approved schools. The new school application and a list of all Boardapproved schools is available online and can be viewed by going to the Schools link on the BBC website. Effective January 1, 2022, the cosmetology and barbering programs minimum requirements reduced from 1,600 hours and 1,500 hours, respectively, to 1,000 hours. Schools may still offer programs that exceed 1,000 hours.

#### **Complaint Intake**

COMPLAINTS							
FY 2021/22							
Complaints Received	Jul- Sept	Oct- Dec	Jan- Mar	Apr- Jun	YTD		
	1,118	1,068	1,075		3,261		

#### Complaints Received By Complaint Type – March 2017 through March 2022



#### Complaints Received By Complaint Type – January 2022 through March 2022



#### **Enforcement Statistics**

Enforcement Statistics							
COMPLAINTS							
	FY2019/20	FY2020/21	FY 2021/22				
	YTD	YTD	Jul- Sept	Oct- Dec	Jan- Mar	Apr- Jun	YTD
Complaints Received	6,295	6,699	1,118	1,068	1,075		3,261
Referred to DOI	6	6	5	5	3		13
Complaints Closed	5,969	7,278	1,302	1,191	1,097		3,583
Total Complaints Pending	1,719	1,335	1,190	1,104	1,100		1,100
Average Days to Close							
(Quarterly)	72	169	136	116	105		119
	APPLICA	<b>FION INVEST</b>	IGATION	IS			
	FY2019/20	FY2020/21		F`	Y 2021/22	1	
			Jul-	Oct-	Jan-	Apr-	
	YTD	YTD	Sept	Dec	Mar	Jun	YTD
Received	9	6	2	3	3		8
Pending	3	9	3	4	5		5
Closed	9	8	1	3	3		7
	ATT	DRNEY GEN	ERAL				
	FY2019/20	FY2020/21	FY 2021/22				
			Jul-	Oct-	Jan-	Apr-	
	YTD	YTD	Sept	Dec	Mar	Jun	YTD
Referred	75	21	6	7	11		24
Accusations Filed	69	24	2	5	2		9

Statement of Issues Filed	3	2	0	0	1		1						
Total Pending	78	73	19	21	21		21						
DISCIPLINARY PROCESS													
	FY2019/20	FY2020/21		F	Y 2021/22	)							
			Jul-	Oct-	Jan-	Apr-							
	YTD	YTD	Sept	Dec	Mar	Jun	YTD						
Proposed Decisions	6	6	2	1	0		3						
Default Decision	22	15	0	0	1		1						
Stipulation	28	17	3	1	1		5						
DISCIPLINARY OUTCOMES													
FY2019/20 FY2020/21 FY 2021/22													
			Jul-	Oct-	Jan-	Apr-							
	YTD	YTD	Sept	Dec	Mar	Jun	YTD						
Revocation	30	25	7	0	1		8						
Revoke, Stay, Probation	1	6	3	0	0		3						
Revoke, Stay,													
Suspend/Prob	43	16	1	1	0		2						
Revocation, Stay w/													
Suspend	0	0	0	0	0		0						
Probation Only	0	0	0	0	0		0						
Suspension Only	1	0	0	0	0		0						
Suspension & Probation	0	0	0	0	0		0						
Suspension, Stay, Probation	4	1	0	0	1		1						
Surrender of License	19	11	1	0	2		3						
Public Reprimands	0	0	0	0	0		0						
License Denied	0	0	0	0	0		0						
Other	0	2	0	0	0		0						
Total	98	61	13	1	4		18						
PROBATION													
	FY2019/20	FY2020/21	2020/21 FY 2021/22										
			Jul-	Oct-	Jan-	Apr-							
	YTD	YTD	Sept	Dec	Mar	Jun	YTD						
Active	117	107	103	102	105		105						

#### INSPECTIONS AND CITE AND FINE

CITATIONS												
	FY2019/20 FY2020/21 FY 2021/22											
			Jul-	Oct-	Jan-	Apr-						
	YTD	YTD	Sept	Dec	Mar	Jun	YTD					
Establishments	4,685	529	736	1,025	905		2,666					
Barber	554	18	57	75	77		209					
Barber Apprentice	100	17	19	30	20		69					
Cosmetologist	1,699	69	83	188	162		433					
Cosmetologist Apprentice	40	4	5	5	6		16					
Electrologist	1	0	0	0	0		0					
Electrologist Apprentice	0	0	0	0	0		0					
Manicurist	1,723	30	65	150	105		320					
Esthetician	527	16	24	43	35		102					
Unlicensed Est.	304	169	53	92	103		248					
Unlicensed Individual	365	72	58	62	75		195					
Total	9,998	914	1,100	1,670	1,488		4,258					
	11	<b>NSPECTION</b>	S									
	FY2019/20	FY2020/21	FY 2021/22									
			Jul-	Oct-	Jan-	Apr-						
	YTD	YTD	Sept	Dec	Mar	Jun	YTD					
Establishments w/ violations	4,807	1,544	1,472	1,138	632		3,242					
Establishments w/o violations	1,561	214	897	594	322		1,813					
Total	6,368	1,758	2,369	1,732	954		5,055					

Inspections The BBC's Inspectors continue to focus on follow-up, routine, and complaint related inspections.

ESTABLISHMENT INSPECTIONS REPORTS ISSUED													
	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	Мау	Jun	FYTD
Establishments w/ violations	452	564	456	456	328	368	346	286					3,256
Establishments w/o violation	327	307	263	220	178	198	182	140					1,815
TOTAL ISSUED	779	871	719	676	506	566	528	426	0	0	0	0	5,071

<b>OUT OF BUSINESS and C</b>													
	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	Мау	Jun	FYTD
Out of Business	209	213	141	149	71	154	129	96					1,162
Closed on Call	308	358	361	337	223	330	271	195					2,383
TOTAL ISSUED	517	571	502	486	294	484	400	291	0	0	0	0	3,545
### **Citations**

Currently the Cite and Fine unit is at a 30 day turn-around time frame from when an inspection is completed to when the citation is mailed out to the Establishment or licensee.

CITATIONS ISSUED													
	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	Мау	Jun	FYTD
Establishment	110	234	392	329	317	381	343	245	315				2666
Individual	49	85	119	158	112	222	160	97	148				1150
Unlicensed Establishments	15	18	20	26	28	36	31	40	35				249
Unlicensed Individuals	18	17	23	19	12	30	23	29	23				194
TOTAL ISSUED	192	354	554	532	469	669	557	411	521	0	0	0	4,259

### **Request For Payment Notices**

BBC is actively sending request for payment notices to establishments and individuals that have outstanding fines. First request for payment notices are sent about 30 days after the fine was due. Second request for payment notices are sent approximately 30 days after the first notice. Third request for payment notices are sent via certified mail approximately 30 days after the second notice. Citations for licensees that have not paid their fine in full after the third request for payment notice are sent to the Franchise Tax Board. Citations for unlicensed individuals that have not paid their fine in full after the third request for payment notice are sent to the Franchise Tax Board.

REQUEST FOR PAYMENT NOTICES - QUARTER 3 FY 21-22					
	Jan	Feb	Mar	Total	
Request for Payment Notice 1		225		225	
Request for Payment Notice 2		38	118	156	
Request for Payment Notice 3			51	51	
Referred to Collections			32	32	
Referred to Franchise Tax Board		22	21	43	
Grand Total	0	285	222	507	

### Payment Plans

Per B&P 7408.1 and CCR 974.3 the board may enter into a payment plan for citations with administrative fines that exceed five hundred dollar (\$500.00).

Payment Plans – Quarter 3 FY 21-22				
New	19			
Paid in Full	5			
Total Pending Payment	50			
Plans	50			
Initial Fine Amount				
Total:	\$62,140.00			
Current Total Balance:	\$26,207.00			



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# MEMORANDUM

DATE	April 25, 2022
то	Board of Barbering and Cosmetology
FROM	Kristy Underwood, Executive Officer
SUBJECT	Agenda Item 6 Outreach Report

### Personal Service Permit (PSP)

The Board published a webpage dedicated to the Personal Service Permit information. Included on the webpage are two newly created documents by the Board, the Personal Service Permit Questions and Answers, and the Fingerprinting Requirements and Instructions. Both documents are available in English, Korean, Spanish, and Vietnamese. Additional links to the required forms are posted as well, (the Live Scan Form the and Consumer Notice). Social media posts began on April 4, 2022, on the Board's Facebook and Twitter.

### Safe Sandal Season 2022

The final touches are being made to the 9<sup>th</sup> Annual Safe Sandal Season. Board staff is working closely with the Department of Consumer Affair's (DCA) Office of Public Affairs and will be launching the campaign by late April. The campaign is designed to raise awareness and educate consumers and licensees during sandal season on the importance of safe practices when getting a pedicure.

To distribute this information to consumers, staff is planning on the following:

- Press releases: Press releases will be sent by DCA with information about #SafeSandalSeason, including graphics and DCA videos.
- Social Media Campaign: Social media post will include posting pedicure safety tips
  publications, share links to DCA blog articles and videos, and post key messaging encouraging
  followers to post images of their new pedicures using the new hashtag #ShowoffYourToes.

### Participated Events

Executive Officer Kristy Underwood participated in two virtual events hosted by board-approved schools in March. Students had the opportunity to participate in Question-and-Answer sessions and receive first-hand responses from the board. In addition to these events, Ms. Underwood attended the following events:

- California Esthetics Compliance Conference (Ventura) February 27, 2022
- The Council of State Governments Document Team, Washington DC March 1 -2, 2022

### Upcoming Events

The Board has been invited to participate in several industry events in the coming months. Most of the events will be in-person for the first time in two years. Attending the industry trade shows gives the board the opportunity to disseminate valuable information to the attendees regarding recent changes to the Board and distribute publications and be on-hand for in person questions.

- SoCal Beauty & Barber Professionals & Students (Anaheim) May 22, 2022 - Kristy Underwood and Marcene Melliza
- International Salon & Spa Expo (Long Beach) June 25-26, 2022 - Kristy Underwood, Marcene Melliza, Allison Lee
- Face and Body Skin Care Show and NailPro Show (San Jose) August 21-22, 2022 - Kristy Underwood, Marcene Melliza, Allison Lee



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## SB 803 Implementation Plan Outline

Below is an updated of the tasks involved with implementation of SB 803.

Business and Professions Code (BPC) Section	Tasks	Status
7303 Board Members	Update Board Member manual	Completed
7316 Hairstylist License	<ul> <li>Conduct occupational analysis</li> <li>Develop examination</li> <li>Prepare regulation package</li> <li>Update and modify BreEZe</li> </ul>	Board staff have met with DCA's Office of Professional Examination Services to begin process. Occupational analysis and exam development will be approximately 18 months.
7316 Estheticians	<ul> <li>Update website with new scope information</li> </ul>	Completed
7331 Reciprocity	<ul> <li>Modify BreEZe ticket to remove 3-year requirement from transaction checklist for new apps</li> <li>Update application forms</li> <li>Update website FAQs and BarberCosmo email signatures</li> </ul>	Completed
7334 Pre-Apprentice Training	<ul> <li>Develop program (project plan, time frame)</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Board staff are working with DCA to devlop on-line training system for the pre-apprentice training.</li> </ul>
7337.5 Removal of Pre-App	<ul> <li>Coordinate with PSI and OIS for written examination increases</li> <li>Modify BreEZe</li> <li>Determine system to receive POTs from candidates that no show for the practical and were supposed to provide POT</li> <li>Update website and BarberCosmo automatic response</li> </ul>	Completed

		• • • • •
7338 Removal of Practical	<ul> <li>Coordinate staffing issues with DCA HR</li> <li>Determine status of building leases</li> <li>Determine what to do with PSI sub-leases</li> <li>Plan for survey of site equipment and inventory</li> <li>Update Exam and Re-exam applications</li> <li>Update Exam Information webpage - remove practical information and CIBs</li> <li>Create outreach plan for candidates without POT</li> <li>Receive updated PSI Handbook</li> <li>Create flyer to hand out with exam results stating don't reapply, wait until Jan 1</li> <li>Update BarberCosmo email responses and automatic response</li> <li>Update website FAQs and 'Helpful Hints' flyer</li> </ul>	• Completed
7355 Mobile Unit	<ul> <li>Update application</li> <li>Update FAQs and BarberCosmo email signatures</li> </ul>	Completed
7362-7365 School Curriculum	<ul> <li>Create Q&amp;A for licensees and schools for homepage of website with BPPE</li> <li>Amend regs regarding curriculum</li> <li>Approve new barbering and cosmetology courses with BPPE</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>As of April 1, 2022, the Board has received new course applications from 198 schools. 195 have been approved with 3 pending. (There are 246 schools in CA).</li> <li>Q and A completed.</li> <li>Regulations are in process</li> </ul>
7395.1 Externs	<ul> <li>Review Extern package already started</li> <li>Update website FAQs</li> </ul>	Clean-up language to include barbers is included AB 2196.
7401 Survey	Update practice status survey	Completed
7407 Fines	<ul> <li>Determine definition of "direct impact"</li> <li>Establish work group to review fine schedule</li> <li>Prepare regulation package</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Discussed at the March 14, 2022 Health and Safety Committee meeting. Discussion will continue at June 6, 2022 Health and Safety Committee Meeting.</li> </ul>
Miscellaneous	<ul> <li>Create SB 803 Information page</li> <li>Prepare recommended clean-up language</li> <li>Review regs overall for clean up</li> </ul>	Completed



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- DATE April 25, 2022
- TO: Members, Board of Barbering and Cosmetology
- FROM: Reese Isbell, Committee Chairperson

SUBJECT: March 7, 2022 Legislative and Budget Committee Meeting Update

The Committee discussed 2022 legislation that impacts the Board and/or the industry and made the following position recommendations to the full Board.

Bill	Торіс	Committee's Recommendation
AB 646 (Low, Cunningham, and Gipson)	DCA boards: expunged convictions	Support
AB 1604 (Holden)	The Upward Mobility Act of 2022: boards and commissions: civil service: examinations: classifications	Watch
AB 1661 (Davies)	Human trafficking: notice	Support
AB 1733 (Quirk)	State bodies: open meetings	Support
AB 2196 (Maienschein)	Barbering and cosmetology: instructional hours.	Watch

### Action Required: discuss and make a motion to take a position on each bill.

Position options:

- Watch
- Support
- Support if amended
- Neutral
- Neutral if amended
- Oppose
- Oppose unless amended



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# BOARD OF BARBERING & COSMETOLOGY

BILL ANALYSIS

Author: Assembly Members Low, Cunningham, and Gipson

Subject: DCA: Boards: Expunged Convictions

Coauthor: Senator Roth

Bill Number: AB 646

Version: January 24, 2022

### Existing Law:

Existing law establishes the Department of Consumer Affairs, which is composed of various boards, and authorizes a board to suspend or revoke a license on the ground that the licensee has been convicted of a crime substantially related to the qualifications, functions, or duties of the business or profession for which the license was issued.

### <u>This Bill:</u>

This bill would require a board within the department that has posted on its online license search system that a person's license was revoked because the person was convicted of a crime, within 90 days of receiving an expungement order for the underlying offense from the person, if the person reapplies for licensure or is relicensed, to post notification of the expungement order and the date thereof on its online license search system. The bill would require the board, on receiving an expungement order, if the person is not currently licensed and does not reapply for licensure, to remove within the same period the initial posting on its online license search system that the person's license was revoked and information previously posted regarding arrests, charges, and convictions. The bill would require the board to charge a fee of \$25 to the person to cover the reasonable regulatory cost of administering the bill's provisions, unless there is no associated cost. The bill would require the fee to be deposited by the board into the appropriate fund and would make the fee available only upon appropriation by the Legislature.

Status: In Senate. Read first time. To Committee on Rules for assignment.

### Analysis:

Any changes to the online license system, BreEZe, would be Department-wide, so there would not be an impact for the Board. The Board rarely revokes licenses due to convictions of a crime, so the number of instances in which we'd receive an expungement order is even lower.

### Committee Recommendation: Support

#### AMENDED IN ASSEMBLY JANUARY 24, 2022

#### AMENDED IN ASSEMBLY APRIL 14, 2021

#### AMENDED IN ASSEMBLY APRIL 12, 2021

CALIFORNIA LEGISLATURE-2021-22 REGULAR SESSION

#### **ASSEMBLY BILL**

No. 646

#### Introduced by Assembly Members Low, Cunningham, and Gipson (Coauthor: Senator Roth)

February 12, 2021

An act to add Section 493.5 to the Business and Professions Code, relating to professions and vocations.

#### LEGISLATIVE COUNSEL'S DIGEST

AB 646, as amended, Low. Department of Consumer Affairs: boards: expunged convictions.

Existing law establishes the Department of Consumer Affairs, which is composed of various boards, and authorizes a board to suspend or revoke a license on the ground that the licensee has been convicted of a crime substantially related to the qualifications, functions, or duties of the business or profession for which the license was issued. Existing law, the Medical Practice Act, provides for the licensure and regulation of the practice of medicine by the Medical Board of California and requires the board to post certain historical information on current and former licensees, including felony and certain misdemeanor convictions. Existing law also requires the Medical Board of California, upon receipt of a certified copy of an expungement order from a current or former licensee, to post notification of the expungement order and the date thereof on its internet website.

This bill would require a board within the department that has posted on its-internet website online license search system that a person's license was revoked because the person was convicted of a crime, within 90 days of receiving an expungement order for the underlying offense from the person, if the person reapplies for licensure or is relicensed, to post notification of the expungement order and the date thereof on the board's internet website. its online license search system. The bill would require the board, on receiving an expungement order, if the person is not currently licensed and does not reapply for licensure, to remove within the same period the initial posting on its internet website online license search system that the person's license was revoked and information previously posted regarding arrests, charges, and convictions. The bill would-authorize require the board to charge a fee of \$25 to the person, not to exceed the cost person to cover the reasonable regulatory cost of administering the bill's-provisions. provisions, unless there is no associated cost. The bill would require the fee to be deposited by the board into the appropriate fund and would make the fee available only upon appropriation by the Legislature.

Vote: majority. Appropriation: no. Fiscal committee: yes. State-mandated local program: no.

#### The people of the State of California do enact as follows:

1 SECTION 1. Section 493.5 is added to the Business and 2 Professions Code, to read:

3 493.5. (a) A board within the department that has posted on

4 its internet website online license search system that a person's 5 license was revoked because the person was convicted of a crime,

6 upon receiving from the person a certified copy of an expungement

7 order granted pursuant to Section 1203.4 of the Penal Code for the

8 underlying offense, shall, within 90 days of receiving the

9 expungement order, unless it is otherwise prohibited by law, or by

10 other terms or conditions, do either of the following:

11 (1) If the person reapplies for licensure or has been relicensed,

post notification of the expungement order and the date thereof onits internet website. *online license search system*.

14 (2) If the person is not currently licensed and does not reapply

15 for licensure, remove the initial posting on its internet website

16 online license search system that the person's license was revoked

- and information previously posted regarding arrests, charges, and
   convictions.
- 3 (b) A(1) Except as provided in paragraph (2), a board within
- 4 the department-may shall charge a fee of twenty-five dollars (\$25)
- to a person described in subdivision-(a), not to exceed (a) to cover
  the reasonable *regulatory* cost-of *associated with* administering
- 7 this section. The
- 8 (2) A board shall not charge the fee if there is no cost associated 9 with administering this section.
- 10 (3) A board may adopt regulations to implement this subdivision.
- 11 The adoption, amendment, or repeal of a regulation authorized
- 12 by this subdivision is hereby exempted from the rulemaking
- 13 provisions of the Administrative Procedure Act (Chapter 3.5
- 14 (commencing with Section 11340) of Part 1 of Division 3 of Title
- 15 2 of the Government Code).
- 16 (4) *The* fee shall be deposited by the board into the appropriate
- 17 fund and shall be available only upon appropriation by the18 Legislature.
- 19 (c) For purposes of this section, "board" means an entity listed20 in Section 101.
- 21 (d) If any provision in this section conflicts with Section 2027,
- 22 Section 2027 shall prevail.

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# **BOARD OF BARBERING & COSMETOLOGY**

**BILL ANALYSIS** 

Author: Assembly Member Holden

**Subject:** The Upward Mobility Act of 2022: boards and commissions: civil service: examinations: classifications

Bill Number: AB 1604

Version: March 7, 2022

### Existing Law:

Existing law provides that it is the policy of the State of California that the composition of state boards and commissions shall be broadly reflective of the general public, including ethnic minorities and women.

Existing law establishes the State Personnel Board and Department of Human Resources and Existing law requires that lists of eligible applicants for civil service positions be established as a result of free competitive examinations and that the Personnel Board establish minimum qualifications for determining the qualifications of employees for each class of position. Existing law requires any state agency, board, or commission that collects demographic data as to the ancestry or ethnic origin of Californians to use separate collection categories and tabulations for major Asian and Pacific Islander groups.

Existing law requires all appointing authorities of state government to establish an effective program of upward mobility for employees in low-paying occupational groups which includes annual goals for upward mobility and a timetable for when progress will occur.

### <u>This Bill:</u>

This bill would require, on or after January 1, 2023, all state boards and commissions consisting of one or more volunteer members or commissioners, to have at least one volunteer board member or commissioner from an underrepresented community, as defined. New board or commission members should be replaced, under these parameters, as vacancies occur. This bill would authorize the Department of Human Resources and the State Personnel Board to conduct audits and investigations of personnel practices of other departments and appointing authorities to ensure compliance with civil service policies, procedures, and statutes.

This bill would require any state agency, board, or commission that collects demographic data as to the ancestry or ethnic origin of Californians to use separate collection categories and tabulations for specified African American groups.

This bill would require that the board establish a process that includes diversity and best practices in each aspect of the design, announcement, and administration of the examinations

and, in developing qualifications for determining the fitness and qualifications of employees, create standards for statements of qualifications used as examination criteria for the State of California in determining the fitness and qualifications of employees for each class of position. This bill would require the appointing authority to submit a report explaining the failure to achieve upward mobility goals and what requirements are necessary to facilitate achieving the goals, and then submit the report to specified persons.

Status: In committee: Set, first hearing. Referred to suspense file.

### <u>Analysis:</u>

This bill will have a minor impact on the Board. Most of the board members already come from underrepresented communities and the Board welcomes more diversity when filling the vacant positions. Also, since the Board does not collect demographic data on the ancestry or ethnic origin of licensees, that part of the bill would not pertain to the Board.

This bill lists several changes for the Personnel Board and Department of Human Resources. This language was proposed last year in AB 105 (Holden), which was vetoed by the Governor because elements of the bill conflict with existing constitutional requirements, labor agreements, and current data collection efforts. These changes would cost tens of millions of dollars and should be considered through the annual state budget process.

### Committee Recommendation: Watch

#### AMENDED IN ASSEMBLY MARCH 7, 2022

#### AMENDED IN ASSEMBLY FEBRUARY 23, 2022

CALIFORNIA LEGISLATURE-2021-22 REGULAR SESSION

### ASSEMBLY BILL

#### No. 1604

#### Introduced by Assembly Member Holden

January 4, 2022

An act to amend Sections 11140, 18502, 18931, 18933, 18936, 19402, and 19574 of, and to add Sections 8310.6, 18553, and 18930.1 to, the Government Code, relating to human resources.

#### LEGISLATIVE COUNSEL'S DIGEST

AB 1604, as amended, Holden. The Upward Mobility Act of 2022: boards and commissions: civil service: examinations: classifications.

Existing law provides that it is the policy of the State of California that the composition of state boards and commissions shall be broadly reflective of the general public, including ethnic minorities and women.

This bill-would would, except as specified, require that, on or after January 1, 2023, all state boards and commissions consisting of one or more volunteer members have at least one board member or commissioner from an underrepresented community. The bill would define the term "board member or commissioner from an underrepresented community" as an individual who self-identifies as Black, African American, Hispanic, Latino, Asian, Pacific Islander, Native American, Native Hawaiian, or Alaska Native; who self-identifies as gay, lesbian, bisexual, or transgender; who is a veteran, as defined; or who has a disability, as defined. The bill would apply these requirements only as vacancies on state boards and commissions occur.

The California Constitution establishes the State Personnel Board (board) and requires the board to, among other things, enforce the civil service statutes, prescribe probationary periods and classifications, adopt rules authorized by statute, and review disciplinary actions. The Constitution also requires the executive officer of the board to administer the civil service statutes under the rules of the board. Under existing law, the board is authorized to conduct audits and investigations of the personnel practices of the Department of Human Resources and appointing authorities to ensure compliance with civil service policies, procedures, and statutes. Existing law establishes the Department of Human Resources (department) and provides that, subject to the requirements of the California Constitution, it succeeds to and is vested with the duties, purposes, responsibilities, and jurisdiction exercised by the board as its designee with respect to the board's administrative and ministerial functions.

This bill, among other things, would instead authorize the department, at the direction of and in conjunction with the State Personnel Board, to conduct audits and investigations of personnel practices of other departments and appointing authorities to ensure compliance with civil service policies, procedures, and statutes. The bill would require the department to oversee compliance with rules prescribed by the board consistent with a merit-based civil service system to govern appointments, classifications, examinations, probationary periods, disciplinary actions, and other matters related to the board's constitutional authority, and require the department, pursuant to a process established by the State Personnel Board, to investigate complaints filed by employees in a state department's equal employment opportunity program and personnel office, other civil service employees, applicants, and members of the public alleging violations of civil service laws and report findings to the board for adjudication.

Existing law requires any state agency, board, or commission that directly or by contract collects demographic data as to the ancestry or ethnic origin of Californians to use separate collection categories and tabulations for major Asian and Pacific Islander groups, as specified.

This bill would require any state agency, board, or commission that directly or by contract collects demographic data as to the ancestry or ethnic origin of Californians to use separate collection categories and tabulations for specified African American groups. The bill would distinguish between African Americans who are descendants of persons enslaved in the United States and African Americans who are not descendants of persons enslaved in the United States, as defined.

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Existing law requires that lists of eligible applicants for civil service positions be established as a result of free competitive examinations. Existing law, with regard to the requirements governing examinations for establishing employment lists, authorizes the department to designate an appointing power to design, announce, or administer examinations and requires the board to establish minimum qualifications for determining the fitness and qualifications of employees for each class of position.

This bill would require instead that the board establish a process that includes diversity and best practices in each aspect of the design, announcement, and administration of the examinations and, in developing qualifications for determining the fitness and qualifications of employees, create standards for statements of qualifications used as examination criteria for the State of California in determining the fitness and qualifications of employees for each class of position. The bill would also require that examinations with an oral component be video and otherwise electronically recorded and all other examination materials be maintained for each examination, as specified. The bill would also require the announcement for an examination to include the core competencies, as defined, and the standard statement of qualifications, if applicable.

Existing law requires all appointing authorities of state government to establish an effective program of upward mobility for employees in low-paying occupational groups. Existing law requires each upward mobility program to include annual goals for upward mobility and a timetable for when progress will occur, and requires the department to approve the goals and timetables. Existing law authorizes an appointing authority that determines that it will be unable to achieve the goals to ask the department for a reduction in the goals, as specified.

This bill would repeal the authorization for an appointing authority to ask the department for a reduction in their annual upward mobility goals, and would instead require the appointing authority to submit a report explaining the failure to achieve the goals and what requirements are necessary to facilitate achieving the goals, as specified, and then submit the report to specified persons. The bill would, on or before July 1, 2023, require the department to develop model upward mobility goals that include race, gender, LGBTQ, veteran status, or physical or mental disability as factors, and to provide a report to the Legislature outlining the department workforce analysis used to develop those model goals.

Existing law authorizes a state appointing power to take adverse action against state civil service employees for specified causes for discipline, and provides procedures for state civil service disciplinary proceedings. Existing law authorizes the board to hold hearings and make investigations concerning all matters relating to the enforcement and effect of the State Civil Service Act, as specified.

This bill would require each appointing power to provide the Department of Human Resources with a report, no later than April 1 of each year, detailing certain information regarding adverse actions against state employees, including, but not limited to, the ethnicity, race, gender identity, or sexual orientation of each employee served with an adverse action in the preceding calendar year.

Vote: majority. Appropriation: no. Fiscal committee: yes. State-mandated local program: no.

The people of the State of California do enact as follows:

SECTION 1. This act shall be known, and may be cited, as the
 Upward Mobility Act of 2022.

3 SEC. 2. Section 8310.6 is added to the Government Code, to 4 read:

8310.6. (a) A state agency, board, or commission that directly
or by contract collects demographic data as to the ancestry or
ethnic origin of Californians shall use separate collection
categories and tabulations for the following:

9 (1) African Americans who are descendants of persons enslaved 10 in the United States.

11 (2) African Americans who are not descendants of persons 12 enslaved in the United States, including, but not limited to, African

13 Blacks, Caribbean Blacks, and other African Americans or Blacks.

14 (b) The data collected pursuant to the different collection 15 categories and tabulations described in subdivision (a) shall be included in every demographic report on ancestry or ethnic origins 16 17 of Californians by the state agency, board, or commission 18 published or released on or after January 1, 2023. The data shall 19 be made available to the public in accordance with state and 20 federal law, except for personal identifying information, which 21 shall be deemed confidential.

1 (c) As used in this section, the following definitions apply:

2 (1) "African Americans who are descendants of persons
3 enslaved in the United States" means individuals who self-identify
4 as Black or African American with at least one ancestor who was

- 5 enslaved or subject to chattelization in the United States.
- 6 (2) "African Blacks" means individuals with origins from the
- 7 continent of Africa, including, but not limited to, one or more of
  8 the following countries: Algeria, Angola, Benin, Botswana, Burkina
- 9 Faso, Burundi, Cabo Verde, Cameroon, Central African Republic,
- 10 Chad, Comoros, Côte d'Ivoire, Democratic Republic of Congo,
- 11 Djibouti, Egypt, Equatorial Guinea, Eritrea, Eswatini, Ethiopia,
- 12 Gabon, Gambia, Ghana, Guinea, Guinea, Bissau, Kenya, Lesotho,
- 12 Gubon, Gumola, Ghana, Gumea, Gumea-Dissau, Kenya, Lesoino,
   13 Liberia, Libya, Madagascar, Malawi, Mali, Mauritania, Mauritius,
- 14 Morocco, Mozambique, Namibia, Niger, Nigeria, Republic of the
- 15 Congo, Rwanda, São Tomé and Príncipe, Senegal, Seychelles,
- 16 Sierra Leone, Somalia, South Africa, South Sudan, Sudan,
- 17 Tanzania, Togo, Tunisia, Uganda, Zambia, or Zimbabwe.
- 18 (3) "Caribbean Blacks" means individuals with origins from
- 19 Caribbean countries, including, but not limited to, one or more of
- 20 the following countries: Belize, Puerto Rico, Cuba, Jamaica, Haiti,
- 21 Trinidad and Tobago, Guyana, Barbados, Grenada, St. Croix, St.
- 22 *Kitts, the Bahamas, and the Dominican Republic.*
- (4) "Other African Americans or Blacks" means individuals
   with African ancestry originating from any country not included
- with African ancestry originating from any country not includedin paragraph (2) or (3).
- 26 <u>SEC. 2.</u>
- 27 *SEC. 3.* Section 11140 of the Government Code is amended 28 to read:
- 11140. (a) It is the policy of the State of California that the
  composition of state boards and commissions shall be broadly
  reflective of the general public, including ethnic minorities and
  women.
- (b) (1) On or after January 1, 2023, all state boards and
   commissions consisting of one or more volunteer members or
   commissioners shall have at least one volunteer board member or
- 36 commissioner from an underrepresented community.
- 37 (2) Notwithstanding paragraph (1), this subdivision shall not 38 apply to a state board or commission concerning public
- 39 *employment, public education, or public contracting.*
- 40 (c) For purposes of this section, the following definitions apply:

1 (1) "Board member or commissioner from an underrepresented 2 community" means all of the following: 3 (A) An individual who self-identifies as Black, African 4 American, Hispanic, Latino, Asian, Pacific Islander, Native 5 American, Native Hawaiian, or Alaska Native. (B) An individual who self-identifies as gay, lesbian, bisexual, 6 7 or transgender. 8 (C) An individual who has served in and has been discharged 9 under other than dishonorable conditions from service in the United States Army, Navy, Air Force, Marine Corps, or Coast Guard. 10 (D) An individual who has a "physical disability" or a "mental 11 12 disability" as defined in Section 12926. 13 (2) "Volunteer member or commissioner" means an "administrative volunteer" as defined in subdivision (b) of Section 14 15 3111, who is selected to serve on a board or commission by the appropriate nominating authority and who does not receive any 16 17 compensation or financial gain from any state agency, as defined in Section 11000. A volunteer may receive per diem and remain 18 19 a volunteer within the meaning of this section, and that volunteer 20 shall not be considered to be an employee solely on the basis of 21 receiving the per diem. (d) Notwithstanding the date specified in paragraph (1) of 22 23 subdivision (b), the requirements of this section shall only apply 24 as vacancies on state boards and commissions occur. 25 (e) Subject to subdivision (d), this section shall only apply to a 26 vacancy appointment by the Governor or the Governor's designees. 27 the chair of a board or commission or the chair's designees, the 28 Speaker of the Assembly, and the President pro Tempore of the 29 Senate or Senate Rules Committee, or any combination thereof. 30 SEC. 3. SEC. 4. Section 18502 of the Government Code is amended 31 32 to read: 33 18502. (a) There is hereby created in state government the 34 Department of Human Resources. The department succeeds to and 35 is vested with the following: (1) All of the powers and duties exercised and performed by 36 37 the Department of Personnel Administration. 38 (2) Those powers, duties, and authorities necessary to operate 39 the state civil service system pursuant to Article VII of the

1 California Constitution, this code, the merit principle, and 2 applicable rules duly adopted by the State Personnel Board.

-7-

3 (b) (1) The State Personnel Board shall prescribe rules 4 consistent with a merit based civil service system to govern 5 appointments, classifications, examinations, probationary periods, 6 disciplinary actions, and other matters related to the board's 7 authority under Article VII of the California Constitution. The 8 State Personnel Board shall ensure that all changes to regulations 9 are circulated for public comment.

10 (2) The department shall oversee compliance with rules 11 prescribed by the State Personnel Board consistent with a 12 merit-based civil service system to govern appointments, 13 classifications, examinations, probationary periods, disciplinary 14 actions, and other matters related to the board's authority under 15 Article VII of the California Constitution.

(3) The department, at the direction of and in conjunction with
the State Personnel Board, may conduct audits and investigations
of personnel practices of other departments and appointing
authorities to ensure compliance with civil service policies,
procedures, and statutes.

(4) Pursuant to a process established by the State Personnel
Board, the department shall investigate complaints filed by
employees in a state department's equal employment opportunity
program and personnel office, other civil service employees,
applicants, and members of the public alleging violations of civil
service laws and report findings to the State Personnel Board for
adjudication.

28 (c) This section shall not limit the authority of the Department

of Human Resources and the State Personnel Board to delegate,
share, or transfer between them responsibilities for programs within
their respective jurisdictions pursuant to an agreement.

(d) The rules and regulations of the State Personnel Board and
of the Department of Personnel Administration shall remain in
effect unless and until contradicted by the terms of this chapter or
amended or repealed by the board or the Department of Human
Resources.

37 SEC. 4. Section 8310.6 is added to the Government Code, to
 38 read:

39 8310.6. (a) A state agency, board, or commission that directly

- 40 or by contract collects demographic data as to the ancestry or ethnic
  - 97

- 1 origin of Californians shall use separate collection categories and
- 2 tabulations for the following:
- 3 (1) African Americans who are descendants of persons enslaved
   4 in the United States.
- 5 (2) African Americans who are not descendants of persons 6 enslaved in the United States, including, but not limited to, African
- 7 Blacks, Caribbean Blacks, and other African Americans or Blacks.
- 8 (b) The data collected pursuant to the different collection
- 9 categories and tabulations described in subdivision (a) shall be
- 10 included in every demographic report on ancestry or ethnic origins
- 11 of Californians by the state agency, board, or commission published
- 12 or released on or after January 1, 2023. The data shall be made
- 13 available to the public in accordance with state and federal law,
- 14 except for personal identifying information, which shall be deemed
- 15 confidential.
- 16 (c) As used in this section, the following definitions apply:
- 17 (1) "African Americans who are descendants of persons enslaved
- 18 in the United States" means individuals who self-identify as Black
- 19 or African American with at least one ancestor who was enslaved
- 20 or subject to chattelization in the United States.
- 21 (2) "African Blacks" means individuals with origins from the
- 22 continent of Africa, including, but not limited to, one or more of
- 23 the following countries: Algeria, Angola, Benin, Botswana,
- 24 Burkina Faso, Burundi, Cabo Verde, Cameroon, Central African
- 25 Republic, Chad, Comoros, Côte d'Ivoire, Democratic Republic of
- 26 Congo, Djibouti, Egypt, Equatorial Guinea, Eritrea, Eswatini,
- 27 Ethiopia, Gabon, Gambia, Ghana, Guinea, Guinea-Bissau, Kenya,
- 28 Lesotho, Liberia, Libya, Madagascar, Malawi, Mali, Mauritania,
- 29 Mauritius, Morocco, Mozambique, Namibia, Niger, Nigeria,
- 30 Republic of the Congo, Rwanda, São Tomé and Príncipe, Senegal,
- 31 Seychelles, Sierra Leone, Somalia, South Africa, South Sudan,
- 32 Sudan, Tanzania, Togo, Tunisia, Uganda, Zambia, or Zimbabwe.
- 33 (3) "Caribbean Blacks" means individuals with origins from
- 34 Caribbean countries, including, but not limited to, one or more of
- 35 the following countries: Belize, Puerto Rico, Cuba, Jamaica, Haiti,
- 36 Trinidad and Tobago, Guyana, Barbados, Grenada, St. Croix, St.
- 37 Kitts, the Bahamas, and the Dominican Republic.
- 38 (4) "Other African Americans or Blacks" means individuals
- 39 with African ancestry originating from any country not included
- 40 in paragraph (2) or (3).

1 SEC. 5. Section 18553 is added to the Government Code, to 2 read:

18553. "Core competencies" mean the particular education,
experience, knowledge, and abilities that each applicant is required
to have in order to be considered eligible for a particular group of
classifications.

7 SEC. 6. Section 18930.1 is added to the Government Code, to 8 read:

9 18930.1. The board shall establish a process that includes 10 diversity and best practices in each aspect of the design, 11 announcement, and administration of examinations for the 12 establishment of employment lists.

13 SEC. 7. Section 18931 of the Government Code is amended 14 to read:

15 18931. (a) The board shall establish minimum qualifications
16 for determining the fitness and qualifications of employees for
17 each class of position. The department may require applicants for

examination or appointment to provide documentation as it deems
necessary to establish the applicants' qualifications.

20 (b) The board, in developing the qualifications referenced in 21 subdivision (a), shall also incorporate standards for statements of 22 qualifications used as examination criteria for the State of 23 California in determining the fitness and qualifications of employees for each class of position. The department may require 24 25 applicants for examination or appointment to provide 26 documentation as it deems necessary to establish the applicants' 27 qualifications.

(c) Whenever the law requires that an applicant for a position
as a peace officer be screened to ensure that the applicant is free
from emotional and mental impairment, the department or the
designated appointing authority shall undertake that screening
subject to the applicant's right to appeal to the board.

33 SEC. 8. Section 18933 of the Government Code is amended 34 to read:

35 18933. (a) Within a reasonable time before the scheduled date,

36 the department or a designated appointing power shall announce

or advertise examinations for the establishment of eligible lists.The announcement shall include the following:

39 (1) The date and place of the examination.

1 (2)	The nature of the	minimum q	ualifications	and the functional
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- 2 core competencies.
- 3 (3) The general scope of the examination.
- 4 (4) The relative weight of its several parts if more than one type 5 of test is to be utilized.
- 6 (5) Any other information the department deems proper.
- 7 (6) The standard statement of qualifications, if applicable.
- 8 (b) The department shall notify the Department of Veterans
- 9 Affairs when any promotional examination for the establishment
- 10 of an eligible list is announced or advertised to eligible candidates.
- 11 The notification shall state the job position and include all of the
- 12 information listed in paragraphs (1) to (6), inclusive, of subdivision
- 13 (a).

14 SEC. 9. Section 18936 of the Government Code is amended 15 to read:

16 18936. (a) All examination materials, including examination 17 questions and any written material, shall be maintained for each

18 examination for three years, after which they shall be disposed of

- 19 pursuant to a policy adopted by the board.
- 20 (b) Examinations that have an oral examination component shall
- 21 be video or otherwise electronically recorded. Examinees shall be
- 22 informed that they are being recorded. The recordings shall be
- 23 maintained for each examination for three years, after which they 24 shall be dispessed of suggested by the board
- 24 shall be disposed of pursuant to a policy adopted by the board.
- (c) The final earned rating of each person competing in any examination shall be determined by the weighted average of the earned ratings on all phases of the examination, according to the weights for each phase established by the department or a designated appointing power in advance of the giving of the examination and published as a part of the announcement of the attempt of the examination.
- (d) The department or a designated appointing power may set
   minimum qualifying ratings for each phase of an examination and
   may provide that competitors failing to achieve those ratings in
   any phase shall be disqualified from any further participation in
   the examination.
- 37 SEC. 10. Section 19402 of the Government Code is amended38 to read:
- 39 19402. (a) All upward mobility programs shall include annual
- 40 goals that include the number of employees expected to progress
  - 97

1 from positions in low-paying occupational groups to entry-level

2 technical, professional, and administrative positions, and the

3 timeframe within which this progress shall occur. The Department

4 of Human Resources shall be responsible for approving each

5 department's annual upward mobility goals and timetables. (b) (1) Provide 1, 2022, the Department of Human Resource

6 (b) (1) By July 1, 2023, the Department of Human Resources

shall develop model upward mobility goals based on department
workforce analysis and shall post the model goals on its internet
website.

10 (2) The model upward mobility goals may include race, gender,

11 LGBTQ, veteran status, and physical or mental disability as factors

12 to the extent permissible under state and federal equal protection

13 laws.

(3) On or before July 1, 2023, the Department of HumanResources shall provide a copy of the model upward mobility goals

and a corresponding report outlining the workforce analysis used

to develop the model upward mobility goals to each member of

the Legislature. The report shall be submitted in compliance with

19 Section 9795.

(c) If the appointing authority is unable to meet its annual upward mobility goals and timetables for two consecutive fiscal years, the appointing authority shall submit a report explaining why it failed to achieve its goals and what requirements are necessary to facilitate achieving its goals in the subsequent two fiscal years. The appointing authority shall submit the report to the department, the Director of the Department of Finance, and the Lagislative Anglest.

27 the Legislative Analyst.

28 SEC. 11. Section 19574 of the Government Code is amended 29 to read:

30 19574. (a) The appointing power, or its authorized
31 representative, may take adverse action against an employee for
32 one or more of the causes for discipline specified in this article.
33 Adverse action is valid only if a written notice is served on the
34 employee prior to the effective date of the action, as defined by

35 board rule. The notice shall be served upon the employee either

36 personally or by mail and shall include: (1) a statement of the

37 nature of the adverse action; (2) the effective date of the action;

38 (3) a statement of the reasons therefor in ordinary language; (4) a

39 statement advising the employee of the right to answer the notice

40 orally or in writing; and (5) a statement advising the employee of

1 the time within which an appeal must be filed. The notice shall be

2 filed with the board not later than 15 calendar days after the3 effective date of the adverse action.

4 (b) Effective January 1, 1996, this subdivision shall apply only 5 to state employees in State Bargaining Unit 5. This section shall

6 not apply to discipline as defined by Section 19576.1.

7 (c) (1) No later than April 1 of each year, each appointing power
8 shall provide to the Department of Human Resources a report
9 detailing all of the following information:

10 (A) The total number of adverse actions served on state 11 employees in the preceding calendar year.

12 (B) The ethnicity or race of each employee served with an 13 adverse action in the preceding calendar year, if available.

(C) The gender identity or sexual orientation of each employee
served with an adverse action in the preceding calendar year, if
available.

(D) The statutory basis for discipline under Section 19572 foreach adverse action served in the preceding calendar year.

(E) A brief factual summary of the basis for discipline for eachadverse action served in the preceding calendar year.

(F) The type of discipline imposed in each adverse action,
including, but not limited to, outright termination, the nature of
any demotion, the length of any suspension, or any other type of
discipline.

(2) No later than June 1 of each year, the department shall
include in its annual workforce analysis and census report the items
as reported by each appointing authority pursuant to this

28 subdivision and submit this report to the Legislature.

(3) This report shall be submitted in compliance with Section9795.

31 (4) The information required pursuant to subparagraphs (B) and

32 (C) of paragraph (1) may be provided at the discretion of the

employee, and an appointing power shall not require an employeeto disclose this information.

35 SEC. 12. The provisions of this act are severable. If any 36 provision of this act or its application is held invalid, that invalidity

37 shall not affect other provisions or applications that can be given

38 effect without the invalid provision or application.

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# BOARD OF BARBERING & COSMETOLOGY

**BILL ANALYSIS** 

Author: Assembly Member Davies

Subject: Human trafficking: Notice.

Bill Number: AB 1661

Version: March 3, 2022

### Existing Law:

Existing law requires specified businesses and other establishments, including, among others, airports, intercity passenger rail or light rail stations, bus stations, and truck stops, to post a notice, as developed by the Department of Justice, that contains information relating to slavery and human trafficking, including information regarding specified nonprofit organizations that a person can call for services or support in the elimination of slavery and human trafficking. Existing law makes a business or establishment that fails to comply with the requirements of these provisions liable for a civil penalty of \$500 for a first offense, and \$1,000 for each subsequent offense.

### <u>This Bill:</u>

This bill would additionally require the notice to be posted by hair, nail, electrolysis, and skin care, and other related business or establishments subject to the Barbering and Cosmetology Act.

Status: In Senate. Read first time. To Committee on Rules for assignment.

### Analysis:

This bill would have a minor impact on board operations and costs since the Board already mails notices with initial establishment licenses. This bill would share important information and have major impact for individuals that are being trafficked, whether they be consumers or licensees.

### Committee Recommendation: Support

#### AMENDED IN ASSEMBLY MARCH 3, 2022

CALIFORNIA LEGISLATURE-2021-22 REGULAR SESSION

#### ASSEMBLY BILL

#### No. 1661

#### **Introduced by Assembly Member Davies**

January 18, 2022

An act to amend Section 52.6 of the Civil Code, relating to human trafficking.

#### LEGISLATIVE COUNSEL'S DIGEST

AB 1661, as amended, Davies. Human trafficking: notice.

Existing law requires specified businesses and other establishments, including, among others, airports, intercity passenger rail or light rail stations, bus stations, and truck stops, to post a notice, as developed by the Department of Justice, that contains information relating to slavery and human trafficking, including information regarding specified nonprofit organizations that a person can call for services or support in the elimination of slavery and human trafficking. Existing law makes a business or establishment that fails to comply with the requirements of these provisions liable for a civil penalty of \$500 for a first offense, and \$1,000 for each subsequent offense.

This bill would additionally require that notice to be posted by barbering and cosmetology businesses, as described.

Vote: majority. Appropriation: no. Fiscal committee: yes. State-mandated local program: no.

The people of the State of California do enact as follows:

1 SECTION 1. Section 52.6 of the Civil Code is amended to 2 read:

1 52.6. (a) Each of the following businesses and other 2 establishments shall, upon the availability of the model notice 3 described in subdivision (d), post a notice that complies with the 4 requirements of this section in a conspicuous place near the public 5 entrance of the establishment or in another conspicuous location in clear view of the public and employees where similar notices 6 7 are customarily posted: 8 (1) On-sale general public premises licensees under the 9 Alcoholic Beverage Control Act (Division 9 (commencing with Section 23000) of the Business and Professions Code). 10 (2) Adult or sexually oriented businesses, as defined in 11 subdivision (a) of Section 318.5 of the Penal Code. 12 13 (3) Primary airports, as defined in Section 47102(16) of Title 14 49 of the United States Code. 15 (4) Intercity passenger rail or light rail stations. 16 (5) Bus stations. 17 (6) Truck stops. For purposes of this section, "truck stop" means 18 a privately owned and operated facility that provides food, fuel, 19 shower or other sanitary facilities, and lawful overnight truck 20 parking. 21 (7) Emergency rooms within general acute care hospitals. 22 (8) Urgent care centers. (9) Farm labor contractors, as defined in subdivision (b) of 23 Section 1682 of the Labor Code. 24 25 (10) Privately operated job recruitment centers. 26 (11) Roadside rest areas. 27 (12) Businesses or establishments that offer massage or 28 bodywork services for compensation and are not described in 29 paragraph (1) of subdivision (b) of Section 4612 of the Business 30 and Professions Code. 31 (13) Hotels, motels, and bed and breakfast inns, as defined in 32 subdivision (b) of Section 24045.12 of the Business and Professions 33 Code, not including personal residences. 34 (14) Hair, nail, *electrolysis*, and skin care, and other related 35 businesses or establishments subject to regulation under Chapter 10 (commencing with Section 7301) of Division 3 of the Business 36 37 and Professions Code. (b) The notice to be posted pursuant to subdivision (a) shall be 38 at least  $8\frac{1}{2}$  inches by 11 inches in size, written in a 16-point font, 39

40 and shall state the following:

"If you or someone you know is being forced to engage in any activity and
 cannot leave—whether it is commercial sex, housework, farm work,
 construction, factory, retail, or restaurant work, or any other activity—text
 233-733 (Be Free) or call the National Human Trafficking Hotline at
 1-888-373-7888 or the California Coalition to Abolish Slavery and Trafficking
 (CAST) at 1-888-KEY-2-FRE(EDOM) or 1-888-539-2373 to access help and
 services.

7 8

### 9 Victims of slavery and human trafficking are protected under United States

- 10 and California law.
- 11

#### 12 The hotlines are:

- 13 · Available 24 hours a day, 7 days a week.
- $14 \cdot \text{Toll-free.}$
- 15 · Operated by nonprofit, nongovernmental organizations.
- 16 · Anonymous and confidential.
- 17 Accessible in more than 160 languages.
- Able to provide help, referral to services, training, and general information."
- 20 (c) The notice to be posted pursuant to subdivision (a) shall be 21 printed in English, Spanish, and in one other language that is the 22 most widely spoken language in the county where the establishment 23 is located and for which translation is mandated by the federal 24 Voting Rights Act of 1965 (52 U.S.C. Sec. 10301 et seq.), as 25 applicable. This section does not require a business or other 26 establishment in a county where a language other than English or 27 Spanish is the most widely spoken language to print the notice in
- 28 more than one language in addition to English and Spanish.
- (d) (1) On or before April 1, 2013, the Department of Justice
  shall develop a model notice that complies with the requirements
  of this section and make the model notice available for download
- 32 on the department's internet website.
- 33 (2) On or before January 1, 2019, the Department of Justice
- 34 shall revise and update the model notice to comply with the
- 35 requirements of this section and make the updated model notice 36 available for download on the department's internet website. A
- 37 business or establishment required to post the model notice shall
- 37 ousness of establishment required to post the model notice shall
  38 not be required to post the updated model notice until on and after
- 39 January 1, 2019.

(e) On or before January 1, 2021, a business or other 1 2 establishment that operates a facility described in paragraph (4) 3 or (5) of subdivision (a) shall provide at least 20 minutes of training 4 to its new and existing employees who may interact with, or come 5 into contact with, a victim of human trafficking or who are likely to receive, in the course of their employment, a report from another 6 7 employee about suspected human trafficking, in recognizing the 8 signs of human trafficking and how to report those signs to the 9 appropriate law enforcement agency. (f) The employee training pursuant to subdivision (e) shall 10 include, but not be limited to, all of the following: 11 12 (1) The definition of human trafficking, including sex trafficking 13 and labor trafficking. 14 (2) Myths and misconceptions about human trafficking. (3) Physical and mental signs to be aware of that may indicate 15 that human trafficking is occurring. 16 17 (4) Guidance on how to identify individuals who are most at 18 risk for human trafficking. 19 (5) Guidance on how to report human trafficking, including, but not limited to, national hotlines (1-888-373-7888 and text line 20 21 233733) and contact information for local law enforcement 22 agencies that an employee may use to make a confidential report. 23 (6) Protocols for reporting human trafficking when on the job. 24 (g) (1) The human trafficking employee training pursuant to 25 subdivision (e) may include, but shall not be limited to, information 26 and material utilized in training Santa Clara County Valley 27 Transportation Authority employees, private nonprofit 28 organizations that represent the interests of human trafficking 29 victims, and the Department of Justice. 30 (2) The failure to report human trafficking by an employee shall 31 not, by itself, result in the liability of the business or other 32 establishment that operates a facility described in paragraph (4) 33 or (5) of subdivision (a) or of any other person or entity. 34 (h) A business or establishment that fails to comply with the 35 requirements of this section is liable for a civil penalty of five 36 hundred dollars (\$500) for a first offense and one thousand dollars 37 (\$1,000) for each subsequent offense. A government entity 38 identified in Section 17204 of the Business and Professions Code 39 may bring an action to impose a civil penalty pursuant to this 40 subdivision against a business or establishment if a local or state

agency with authority to regulate that business or establishment
 has satisfied both of the following:

3 (1) Provided the business or establishment with reasonable 4 notice of noncompliance, which informs the business or 5 establishment that it is subject to a civil penalty if it does not 6 correct the violation within 30 days from the date the notice is sent 7 to the business or establishment.

8 (2) Verified that the violation was not corrected within the 9 30-day period described in paragraph (1).

10 (i) This section does not prevent a local governing body from

11 adopting and enforcing a local ordinance, rule, or regulation to

12 prevent slavery or human trafficking. If a local ordinance, rule, or

13 regulation duplicates or supplements the requirements that this

14 section imposes upon businesses and other establishments, this

15 section does not supersede or preempt that local ordinance, rule,

16 or regulation.

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# BOARD OF BARBERING & COSMETOLOGY

**BILL ANALYSIS** 

Author: Assembly Member Quirk

**Subject:** State bodies: open meetings.

Bill Number: AB 1733

Version: January 31, 2022

### Existing Law:

Existing law, the Bagley-Keene Open Meeting Act, requires, with specified exceptions, that all meetings of a state body be open and public, and all persons be permitted to attend any meeting of a state body. The act defines a "meeting" to include any congregation of a majority of the members of a state body at the same time and place to hear, discuss, or deliberate upon any item that is within the subject matter jurisdiction of the state body to which it pertains. The act authorizes teleconferenced meetings under specified circumstances, provided that at least one member of the state body is physically present at the location specified in the notice of the meeting, and all votes taken during a teleconferenced meeting are taken by rollcall. The act provides that if the state body elects to conduct a meeting or proceeding by teleconference, the state body is required to post agendas at all teleconference locations and conduct teleconference meetings in a manner that protects the rights of any party or member of the public appearing before the state body. The act requires each teleconference location to be identified in the notice and agenda of the meeting or proceeding, and each teleconference location to be accessible to the public, and the agenda to provide an opportunity for members of the public to address the state body at each teleconference location. Existing law also requires a state body to provide notice of its meeting to any person who requests that notice in writing and to provide notice of the meeting of its internet website at least 10 days in advance of the meeting.

### <u>This Bill:</u>

This urgency bill would specify that a "meeting" held under the Bagley-Keene Open Meeting Act includes a meeting held entirely by teleconference, as defined, so long as the state body adheres to certain specified requirements such as: ensuring the public has the means to hear, observe, and address the state body during the meeting; providing the public with at least one physical location where they can participate; posting the meeting agendas online and at the physical meeting location with information indicating how the meeting can be accessed; and ensuring that if a means of remote participation fails, the meeting must adjourn.

<u>Status:</u> Referred to Committees on Governmental Organization and Business and Professions.

### Analysis:

This bill may have a minor fiscal impact for the Board. While the bill would allow the Board the option to hold a teleconference meeting, currently, the Department of Consumer Affairs only has one hearing room set up to provide broadcasting from a physical location. If the Department has the capability to host teleconferences at different locations in the future, there would be the cost of a room rental contract, if a state building was not available. Compared to a completely in-person meeting however, there would be savings of travel costs for board members and board staff.

**Committee Recommendation:** Support

### ASSEMBLY BILL

No. 1733

#### Introduced by Assembly Member Quirk

January 31, 2022

An act to amend Section 101.7 of the Business and Professions Code, and to amend Sections 11122.5, 11123, 11124, 11125, 11125.4, 11128.5, and 11129 of, and to repeal Section 11123.5 of, the Government Code, relating to state government, and declaring the urgency thereof, to take effect immediately.

#### LEGISLATIVE COUNSEL'S DIGEST

AB 1733, as introduced, Quirk. State bodies: open meetings.

Existing law, the Bagley-Keene Open Meeting Act, requires, with specified exceptions, that all meetings of a state body be open and public and all persons be permitted to attend any meeting of a state body. The act defines a "meeting" to include any congregation of a majority of the members of a state body at the same time and place to hear, discuss, or deliberate upon any item that is within the subject matter jurisdiction of the state body to which it pertains. The act authorizes teleconferenced meetings under specified circumstances, provided that at least one member of the state body is physically present at the location specified in the notice of the meeting, and all votes taken during a teleconferenced meeting are taken by rollcall. The act provides that if the state body elects to conduct a meeting or proceeding by teleconference, the state body is required to post agendas at all teleconference locations and conduct teleconference meetings in a manner that protects the rights of any party or member of the public appearing before the state body. The act requires each teleconference location to be identified in the notice and agenda of the meeting or proceeding, and each teleconference

location to be accessible to the public, and the agenda to provide an opportunity for members of the public to address the state body at each teleconference location.

Existing law requires a state body to provide notice of its meeting to any person who requests that notice in writing and to provide notice of the meeting of its internet website at least 10 days in advance of the meeting, as prescribed. Existing law exempts from the 10-day notice requirement, special meetings and emergency meetings in accordance with specified provisions. Existing law authorizes a state body to adjourn any regular, adjourned regular, special, or adjourned special meeting to a time and place specified in the order of adjournment, and authorizes a state body to similarly continue or recontinue any hearing being held, or noticed, or ordered to be held by a state body at any meeting.

This bill would specify that a "meeting" under the act, includes a meeting held entirely by teleconference. The bill would require all open meetings to be held by teleconference, would allow for use of teleconference in closed sessions, and would remove existing provisions of the act that require each teleconference location to be identified in the notice and agenda and accessible to the public. The bill would instead require the state body to provide a means by which the public may remotely hear, or hear and observe, the meeting and may remotely address the state body via two-way audio-visual platform or two-way telephonic service, as specified, and would require information to be provided in any notice to the public indicating how the public can access the meeting remotely. The bill would require the state body to provide an opportunity for members of the public to address the state body. The bill would require the state body to provide members of the public a physical location to hear, observe, and address the state body, and would authorize the members of the state body to participate in a meeting remotely or at a designated physical meeting location, and specify that physical presence at any physical meeting location is not necessary for the member to be deemed present at the meeting. The bill would require the agenda to be posted 10 days in advance of the meeting, or as provided in accordance with the provisions applicable to a special or emergency meeting, as well as posted on the state body's internet website and, on the day of the meeting, at any physical meeting location designated in the notice. The bill would also provide that the notice of the meeting is required to specify the means by which a meeting may be accessed by teleconference. The bill would prohibit the notice and agenda from disclosing any information regarding any remote location

from which a member is participating, and require members attending a meeting from a remote location to disclose whether any other individuals 18 years of age or older are present in the room, as specified.

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If a state body discovers that a means of remote participation, as defined, required by these provisions has failed during a meeting and cannot be restored, the state body would be required to end or adjourn the meeting and take specified actions to notify participants and communicate when the state body intends to reconvene the meeting and how a member of the public may hear audio of, or observe, the meeting.

This bill would remove certain notice provisions specific to advisory bodies of state boards.

Existing law prohibits a state body from requiring, as a condition to attend a meeting, a person to register the person's name, or to provide other information, or to fulfill any condition precedent to the person's attendance.

This bill would exclude from that prohibition an internet website or other online platform that may require identification to log into a teleconference.

Existing law limits the purposes for which a state body is authorized to call a special meeting, including, among others, consideration of disciplinary action involving a state officer or employee and consideration of license examinations and applications.

This bill would add to those purposes deliberation on a decision to be reached in a proceeding required to be conducted pursuant to provisions governing administrative adjudicative proceedings or similar provisions of law.

Under existing law, the Department of Consumer Affairs, which is under the control of the Director of Consumer Affairs, is composed of various boards, as defined, that license and regulate various professions and vocations. Existing law requires the boards to meet at least 2 times each calendar year. Existing law requires those boards to meet at least once each calendar year in northern California and once each calendar year in southern California in order to facilitate participation by the public and its licensees.

This bill would exempt a board from the requirement to meet in northern and southern California each once a year if the board's meetings are held entirely by teleconference.

This bill would also make conforming changes.

This bill would declare the Legislature's intent, consistent with the Governor's Executive Order No. N-29-20, to improve and enhance public access to state and local agency meetings during the COVID-19 pandemic and future emergencies by allowing broader access through teleconferencing options.

This bill would declare that it is to take effect immediately as an urgency statute.

Vote:  $\frac{2}{3}$ . Appropriation: no. Fiscal committee: yes. State-mandated local program: no.

The people of the State of California do enact as follows:

SECTION 1. Section 101.7 of the Business and Professions
 Code is amended to read:

3 101.7. (a) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, boards 4 shall meet at least two times each calendar year. Boards shall meet 5 at least once each calendar year in northern California and once 6 each calendar year in southern California in order to facilitate 7 participation by the public and its-licensees. *licensees, unless the* 8 *board's meetings are held entirely by teleconference.* 

9 (b) The director has discretion to exempt any board from the 10 requirement in subdivision (a) upon a showing of good cause that

the board is not able to meet at least two times in a calendar year.(c) The director may call for a special meeting of the board

13 when a board is not fulfilling its duties.

14 (d) An agency within the department that is required to provide 15 a written notice pursuant to subdivision (a) of Section 11125 of the Government Code, may provide that notice by regular mail, 16 email, or by both regular mail and email. An agency shall give a 17 18 person who requests a notice the option of receiving the notice by 19 regular mail, email, or by both regular mail and email. The agency 20 shall comply with the requester's chosen form or forms of notice. (e) An agency that plans to webcast a meeting shall include in 21 22 the meeting notice required pursuant to subdivision (a) of Section 23 11125 of the Government Code a statement of the board's intent 24 to webcast the meeting. An agency may webcast a meeting even 25 if the agency fails to include that statement of intent in the notice. 26 SEC. 2. Section 11122.5 of the Government Code is amended 27 to read:
1 11122.5. (a) As used in this article, "meeting" includes any 2 congregation of a majority of the members of a state body at the 3 same time and <u>place</u> *place*, *including one held entirely by* 4 *teleconference*, to hear, discuss, or deliberate upon any item that 5 is within the subject matter jurisdiction of the state body to which 6 it pertains.

(b) (1) A majority of the members of a state body shall not,
outside of a meeting authorized by this chapter, use a series of
communications of any kind, directly or through intermediaries,
to discuss, deliberate, or take action on any item of business that
is within the subject matter of the state body.

12 (2) Paragraph (1) shall not be construed to prevent an employee 13 or official of a state agency from engaging in separate 14 conversations or communications outside of a meeting authorized 15 by this chapter with members of a legislative body in order to 16 answer questions or provide information regarding a matter that 17 is within the subject matter jurisdiction of the state agency, if that 18 person does not communicate to members of the legislative body 19 the comments or position of any other member or members of the 20 legislative body. 21 (c) The prohibitions of this article do not apply to any of the

21 (c) The promotions of this article do not apply to any 22 following:

(1) Individual contacts or conversations between a member ofa state body and any other person that do not violate subdivision(b).

26 (2) (A) The attendance of a majority of the members of a state 27 body at a conference or similar gathering open to the public that 28 involves a discussion of issues of general interest to the public or 29 to public agencies of the type represented by the state body, if a 30 majority of the members do not discuss among themselves, other 31 than as part of the scheduled program, business of a specified 32 nature that is within the subject matter jurisdiction of the state 33 body.

34 (B) Subparagraph (A) does not allow members of the public
35 free admission to a conference or similar gathering at which the
36 organizers have required other participants or registrants to pay
37 fees or charges as a condition of attendance.

(3) The attendance of a majority of the members of a state bodyat an open and publicized meeting organized to address a topic of

40 state concern by a person or organization other than the state body,

1 if a majority of the members do not discuss among themselves,

2 other than as part of the scheduled program, business of a specific

3 nature that is within the subject matter jurisdiction of the state4 body.

5 (4) The attendance of a majority of the members of a state body 6 at an open and noticed meeting of another state body or of a 7 legislative body of a local agency as defined by Section 54951, if 8 a majority of the members do not discuss among themselves, other 9 than as part of the scheduled meeting, business of a specific nature 10 that is within the subject matter jurisdiction of the other state body. 11 (5) The attendance of a majority of the members of a state body

12 at a purely social or ceremonial occasion, if a majority of the 13 members do not discuss among themselves business of a specific 14 nature that is within the subject matter jurisdiction of the state 15 body.

(6) The attendance of a majority of the members of a state body
at an open and noticed meeting of a standing committee of that
body, if the members of the state body who are not members of
the standing committee attend only as phasmars.

19 the standing committee attend only as observers.

20 SEC. 3. Section 11123 of the Government Code is amended 21 to read:

11123. (a) All meetings of a state body shall be open and
public and all persons shall be permitted to attend any meeting of
a state body except as otherwise provided in this article.

(b) (1) This article does not prohibit requires a state body-from
holding to hold an open-or closed meeting by teleconference for
the benefit of the public and state-body. body, and allows for use
of teleconference in closed sessions. The meeting or proceeding
held by teleconference shall otherwise comply with all applicable
requirements or laws relating to a specific type of meeting or
proceeding, including all of the following:

32 (A) The teleconferencing *teleconferenced* meeting shall comply 33 with all requirements of this article applicable to other meetings.

34 (B) The portion of the teleconferenced meeting that is required

to be open to the public *at any physical location specified in the notice of the meeting* shall be *visible and* audible to the public at
the location specified in the notice of the meeting.

38 (C) If the The state body elects to conduct a meeting or

39 proceeding by teleconference, it shall post agendas at all

40 teleconference locations and shall conduct teleconference meetings

in a manner that protects the rights of any party or member of the 1 2 public appearing before the state body. The state body shall provide 3 a means by which the public may remotely hear audio of the 4 meeting or remotely hear and observe the meeting, and a means 5 by which the public may remotely address the state body, as 6 appropriate, via either a two-way audio-visual platform or a 7 two-way telephonic service. Should the state body elect to use a 8 two-way telephonic service only, it must also provide live 9 webcasting of the open meeting. The applicable teleconference 10 phone number or internet website, or other information indicating how the public can access the meeting remotely, shall be specified 11 12 in any notice required by this article. Each teleconference location 13 shall be identified in the notice and agenda of the meeting or 14 proceeding, and each teleconference location shall be accessible 15 to the public. The agenda shall provide an opportunity for members of the public to *remotely* address the state body directly pursuant 16 17 to Section 11125.7 at each teleconference location. 11125.7. 18 (D) The state body shall provide members of the public with a 19 physical location at which the public may hear, observe, and address the state body. Each physical location shall be identified 20 21 in the notice of the meeting. 22 (E) Members of the public shall be entitled to exercise their 23 right to directly address the state body during the teleconferenced 24 meeting without being required to submit public comments prior 25 to the meeting or in writing. 26 (Đ)-27 (F) The members of the state body may remotely participate in 28 a meeting. The members of the state body may also be physically 29 present and participate at a designated physical meeting location, 30 but no member of the state body shall be required to be physically 31 present at any physical meeting location designated in the notice 32 of the meeting in order to be deemed present at the meeting. All 33 votes taken during a teleconferenced meeting shall be by rollcall. 34 (E) The portion of the teleconferenced meeting that is closed 35 to the public may not include the consideration of any agenda item 36 being heard pursuant to Section 11125.5. 37 (F) At least one member of the state body shall be physically 38 present at the location specified in the notice of the meeting. 39 (G) This section does not affect the requirement prescribed by this article that the state body post an agenda of a meeting in 40

1 accordance with the applicable notice requirements of this article,

2 including Section 11125, requiring the state body post an agenda
3 of a meeting at least 10 days in advance of the meeting, Section
4 11125.4, applicable to special meetings, and Sections 11125.5 and

5 11125.6, applicable to emergency meetings. The state body shall

6 post the agenda on its internet website and, on the day of the

7 meeting, at any physical meeting location designated in the notice

8 of the meeting. The notice and agenda shall not disclose

9 information regarding any remote location from which a member

10 *is participating.* 

(H) Upon discovering that a means of remote participation 11 12 required by this section has failed during a meeting and cannot 13 be restored, the state body shall end or adjourn the meeting in 14 accordance with Section 11128.5. In addition to any other 15 requirements that may apply, the state body shall provide notice of the meeting's end or adjournment on the state body's internet 16 17 website and by email to any person who has requested notice of 18 meetings of the state body by email under this article. If the meeting 19 will be adjourned and reconvened on the same day, further notice 20 shall be provided by an automated message on a telephone line 21 posted on the state body's agenda, internet website, or by a similar 22 means, that will communicate when the state body intends to 23 reconvene the meeting and how a member of the public may hear

audio of the meeting or observe the meeting.
(2) For the purposes of this subdivision, "teleconference" all of

26 *the following definitions shall apply:* 

27 (A) "Teleconference" means a meeting of a state body, the 28 members of which are at different locations, connected body that 29 provides for a connection by electronic means, including by 30 telephone, an internet website, or other online platform, through either audio or both audio and video. This section does not prohibit 31 32 a state body from providing members of the public with additional 33 physical locations in which the public may observe or and address 34 the state body by electronic means, through either audio or both 35 audio and video.

36 (B) "Remote location" means a location from which a member37 of a state body participates in a meeting other than any physical

38 meeting location designated in the notice of the meeting. Remote

39 *locations need not be accessible to the public.* 

(C) "Remote participation" means participation in a meeting
by teleconference at a location other than any physical meeting
location designated in the notice of the meeting. Watching or
listening to a meeting via webcasting or another similar electronic
medium that does not permit members to interactively hear,
discuss, or deliberate on matters, does not constitute participation
remotely.

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8 (D) "Two-way audio-visual platform" means an online platform 9 that provides participants with the ability to participate in a 10 meeting via both an interactive video conference and a two-way 11 telephonic function.

12 (E) "Two-way telephonic service" means a telephone service 13 that does not require internet access, is not provided as part of a 14 two-way audio-visual platform, and allows participants to dial a 15 telephone number to listen and verbally participate.

(F) "Webcasting" means a streaming video broadcast online
or on television, using streaming media technology to distribute
a single content source to many simultaneous listeners and viewers.
This section does not prohibit a state body from providing members
of the public with additional physical locations in which the public

21 may observe and address the state body by electronic means.

(c) The state body shall publicly report any action taken and the
 vote or abstention on that action of each member present for the
 action.

(d) A state body that is organized within the Department of
Consumer Affairs and meets at least two times each calendar year
shall be deemed to have met the requirements of subdivision (a)
of Section 101.7 of the Business and Professions Code.

29 (e) This section shall not be construed to deny state bodies the 30 ability to encourage full participation by appointees with 31 developmental or other disabilities.

(f) If a member of a state body attends a meeting by teleconference from a remote location, the member shall disclose whether any other individuals 18 years of age or older are present in the room at the remote location with the member, and the general nature of the member's relationship with any such individuals.

38 SEC. 4. Section 11123.5 of the Government Code is repealed.
 39 11123.5. (a) In addition to the authorization to hold a meeting

40 by teleconference pursuant to subdivision (b) of Section 11123,

any state body that is an advisory board, advisory commission, 1 2 advisory committee, advisory subcommittee, or similar 3 multimember advisory body may hold an open meeting by 4 teleconference as described in this section, provided the meeting 5 complies with all of the section's requirements and, except as set 6 forth in this section, it also complies with all other applicable 7 requirements of this article. 8 (b) A member of a state body as described in subdivision (a) 9 who participates in a teleconference meeting from a remote location subject to this section's requirements shall be listed in the minutes 10 11 of the meeting. 12 (c) The state body shall provide notice to the public at least 24 13 hours before the meeting that identifies any member who will participate remotely by posting the notice on its Internet Web site 14 15 and by emailing notice to any person who has requested notice of meetings of the state body under this article. The location of a 16 17 member of a state body who will participate remotely is not 18 required to be disclosed in the public notice or email and need not 19 be accessible to the public. The notice of the meeting shall also identify the primary physical meeting location designated pursuant 20 to subdivision (e). 21 22 (d) This section does not affect the requirement prescribed by 23 this article that the state body post an agenda of a meeting at least 10 days in advance of the meeting. The agenda shall include 24 25 information regarding the physical meeting location designated 26 pursuant to subdivision (e), but is not required to disclose information regarding any remote location. 27 28 (e) A state body described in subdivision (a) shall designate the 29 primary physical meeting location in the notice of the meeting 30 where members of the public may physically attend the meeting 31 and participate. A quorum of the members of the state body shall 32 be in attendance at the primary physical meeting location, and 33 members of the state body participating remotely shall not count 34 towards establishing a quorum. All decisions taken during a 35 meeting by teleconference shall be by rollcall vote. The state body 36 shall post the agenda at the primary physical meeting location, but 37 need not post the agenda at a remote location. 38 (f) When a member of a state body described in subdivision (a) 39 participates remotely in a meeting subject to this section's 40 requirements, the state body shall provide a means by which the

1 public may remotely hear audio of the meeting or remotely observe 2 the meeting, including, if available, equal access equivalent to 3 members of the state body participating remotely. The applicable 4 teleconference phone number or Internet Web site, or other 5 information indicating how the public can access the meeting 6 remotely, shall be in the 24-hour notice described in subdivision 7 (a) that is available to the public. 8 (g) Upon discovering that a means of remote access required 9 by subdivision (f) has failed during a meeting, the state body 10 described in subdivision (a) shall end or adjourn the meeting in 11 accordance with Section 11128.5. In addition to any other 12 requirements that may apply, the state body shall provide notice 13 of the meeting's end or adjournment on its Internet Web site and 14 by email to any person who has requested notice of meetings of 15 the state body under this article. If the meeting will be adjourned 16 and reconvened on the same day, further notice shall be provided 17 by an automated message on a telephone line posted on the state 18 body's agenda, or by a similar means, that will communicate when 19 the state body intends to reconvene the meeting and how a member 20 of the public may hear audio of the meeting or observe the meeting. 21 (h) For purposes of this section: 22 (1) "Participate remotely" means participation in a meeting at 23 a location other than the physical location designated in the agenda 24 of the meeting. 25 (2) "Remote location" means a location other than the primary 26 physical location designated in the agenda of a meeting. 27 (3) "Teleconference" has the same meaning as in Section 11123. 28 (i) This section does not limit or affect the ability of a state body 29 to hold a teleconference meeting under another provision of this 30 article. SEC. 5. Section 11124 of the Government Code is amended 31 32 to read: 33 11124. (a) No person shall be required, as a condition to 34 attendance at a meeting of a state body, to register his or her the

*person's* name, to provide other information, to complete a
 questionnaire, or otherwise to fulfill any condition precedent to
 his or her the person's attendance.

38 <del>If</del>

39 (b) If an attendance list, register, questionnaire, or other similar

40 document is posted at or near the entrance to the room where the

1 meeting is to be held, *or electronically posted*, or is circulated to

2 persons present during the meeting, it shall state clearly that the

3 signing, registering, or completion of the document is voluntary,

4 and that all persons may attend the meeting regardless of whether

5 a person signs, registers, or completes the document.

6 (c) This section does not apply to an internet website or other 7 online platform that may require identification to log into a 8 teleconference.

9 SEC. 6. Section 11125 of the Government Code is amended 10 to read:

11125. (a) The state body shall provide notice of its meeting 11 12 to any person who requests that notice in writing. Notice shall be given and also made available on the Internet state body's internet 13 14 website at least 10 days in advance of the meeting, and shall include 15 the name, address, and telephone number of any person who can provide further information prior to the meeting, but need not 16 17 include a list of witnesses expected to appear at the meeting. The 18 written notice shall additionally include the address of the Internet 19 site internet website where notices required by this article are made 20 available. The notice shall specify the means by which a meeting 21 may be accessed by teleconference in accordance with the 22 requirements of subparagraph (C) of paragraph (1) of subdivision 23 (b) of Section 11123, including sufficient information necessary to access the teleconference. The notice shall also specify any 24 25 designated physical meeting location at which the public may 26 observe and address the state body.

27 (b) The notice of a meeting of a body that is a state body shall 28 include a specific agenda for the meeting, containing a brief 29 description of the items of business to be transacted or discussed 30 in either open or closed session. A brief general description of an 31 item generally need not exceed 20 words. A description of an item 32 to be transacted or discussed in closed session shall include a 33 citation of the specific statutory authority under which a closed 34 session is being held. No item shall be added to the agenda 35 subsequent to the provision of this notice, unless otherwise 36 permitted by this article.

37 (c) Notice of a meeting of a state body that complies with this

38 section shall also constitute notice of a meeting of an advisory 39 body of that state body, provided that the business to be discussed

40 by the advisory body is covered by the notice of the meeting of

1 the state body, provided that the specific time and place of the

2 advisory body's meeting is announced during the open and public

3 state body's meeting, and provided that the advisory body's

4 meeting is conducted within a reasonable time of, and nearby, the

- 5 meeting of the state body.
- 6 <del>(d)</del>

(c) A person may request, and shall be provided, notice pursuant
to subdivision (a) for all meetings of a state body or for a specific
meeting or meetings. In addition, at the state body's discretion, a
person may request, and may be provided, notice of only those
meetings of a state body at which a particular subject or subjects
specified in the request will be discussed.

13 <del>(e)</del>

14 (*d*) A request for notice of more than one meeting of a state 15 body shall be subject to the provisions of Section 14911.

16 <del>(f)</del>

17 (e) The notice shall be made available in appropriate alternative 18 formats, as required by Section 202 of the Americans with 19 Disabilities Act of 1990 (42 U.S.C. Sec. 12132), and the federal 20 rules and regulations adopted in implementation thereof, upon 21 request by any person with a disability. The notice shall include 22 information regarding how, to whom, and by when a request for 23 any disability-related modification or accommodation, including 24 auxiliary aids or services may be made by a person with a disability 25 who requires these aids or services in order to participate in the 26 public meeting.

(f) State bodies shall conduct meetings subject to this chapter
consistent with applicable state and federal civil rights laws,
including, but not limited to, any applicable language access and
other nondiscrimination obligations.

31 SEC. 7. Section 11125.4 of the Government Code is amended 32 to read:

33 11125.4. (a) A special meeting may be called at any time by 34 the presiding officer of the state body or by a majority of the 35 members of the state body. A special meeting may only be called 36 for one of the following purposes when compliance with the 10-day 37 notice provisions of Section 11125 would impose a substantial 38 hardship on the state body or when immediate action is required

39 to protect the public interest:

1	(1) To consider "pending litigation" as that term is defined in
2	subdivision (e) of Section 11126.

- 3 (2) To consider proposed legislation.
- 4 (3) To consider issuance of a legal opinion.

5 (4) To consider disciplinary action involving a state officer or 6 employee.

7 (5) To consider the purchase, sale, exchange, or lease of real 8 property.

9 (6) To consider license examinations and applications.

10 (7) To consider an action on a loan or grant provided pursuant

to Division 31 (commencing with Section 50000) of the Healthand Safety Code.

(8) To consider its response to a confidential final draft auditreport as permitted by Section 11126.2.

(9) To provide for an interim executive officer of a state bodyupon the death, incapacity, or vacancy in the office of the executiveofficer.

18 (10) To deliberate on a decision to be reached in a proceeding 19 required to be conducted pursuant to Chapter 5 (commencing with

20 Section 11500) or similar provisions of law.

21 (b) When a special meeting is called pursuant to one of the 22 purposes specified in subdivision (a), the state body shall provide 23 notice of the special meeting to each member of the state body and 24 to all parties that have requested notice of its meetings as soon as 25 is practicable after the decision to call a special meeting has been 26 made, but shall deliver the notice in a manner that allows it to be 27 received by the members and by newspapers of general circulation 28 and radio or television stations at least 48 hours before the time 29 of the special meeting specified in the notice. Notice shall be made 30 available to newspapers of general circulation and radio or 31 television stations by providing that notice to all national press 32 wire services. Notice shall also be made available on the Internet 33 within the time periods required by this section. The notice shall 34 specify the time and place of the special meeting and the business 35 to be transacted. The written notice shall additionally specify the 36 address of the Internet Web site internet website where notices 37 required by this article are made available. No other business shall be considered at a special meeting by the state body. The written 38 39 notice may be dispensed with as to any member who at or prior 40 to the time the meeting convenes files with the clerk or secretary

1 of the state body a written waiver of notice. The waiver may be

2 given by telegram, facsimile transmission, or similar means. The3 written notice may also be dispensed with as to any member who

4 is actually present at the meeting at the time it convenes. Notice

5 shall be required pursuant to this section regardless of whether any

6 action is taken at the special meeting.

7 (c) At the commencement of any special meeting, the state body 8 must make a finding in open session that the delay necessitated 9 by providing notice 10 days prior to a meeting as required by 10 Section 11125 would cause a substantial hardship on the body or 11 that immediate action is required to protect the public interest. The 12 finding shall set forth the specific facts that constitute the hardship 13 to the body or the impending harm to the public interest. The 14 finding shall be adopted by a two-thirds vote of the body, or, if 15 less than two-thirds of the members are present, a unanimous vote 16 of those members present. The finding shall be made available on 17 the Internet. state body's internet website. Failure to adopt the 18 finding terminates the meeting.

19 SEC. 8. Section 11128.5 of the Government Code is amended 20 to read:

21 11128.5. The state body may adjourn any regular, adjourned 22 regular, special, or adjourned special meeting to a time and place 23 place, including by teleconference, specified in the order of 24 adjournment. Less than a quorum may so adjourn from time to 25 time. If all members are absent from any regular or adjourned 26 regular meeting, the clerk or secretary of the state body may declare 27 the meeting adjourned to a stated time and place place, including 28 by teleconference, and he or she the clerk or the secretary shall 29 cause a written notice of the adjournment to be given in the same 30 manner as provided in Section 11125.4 for special meetings, unless 31 that notice is waived as provided for special meetings. A copy of 32 the order or notice of adjournment shall be conspicuously posted 33 on the state body's internet website, and if applicable, on or near 34 the door of the place where the regular, adjourned regular, special, 35 or adjourned special meeting was held within 24 hours after the 36 time of the adjournment. When a regular or adjourned regular 37 meeting is adjourned as provided in this section, the resulting adjourned regular meeting is a regular meeting for all purposes. 38 39 When an order of adjournment of any meeting fails to state the

1 hour at which the adjourned meeting is to be held, it shall be held

2 at the hour specified for regular meetings by law or regulation.

- 3 SEC. 9. Section 11129 of the Government Code is amended 4 to read:
- 5 11129. Any hearing being held, or noticed or ordered to be 6 held by a state body at any meeting may by order or notice of
- 7 continuance be continued or recontinued to any subsequent meeting
- 8 of the state body in the same manner and to the same extent set
- 9 forth in Section 11128.5 for the adjournment of meetings. A copy
- 10 of the order or notice of continuance shall be conspicuously posted
- 11 on the state body's internet website, and if applicable, on or near
- 12 the door of the place where the hearing was held within 24 hours
- 13 after the time of the continuance; provided, that if the hearing is
- 14 continued to a time less than 24 hours after the time specified in
- 15 the order or notice of hearing, a copy of the order or notice of
- 16 continuance of hearing shall be posted immediately following the 17 meeting at which the order or declaration of continuance was
- adopted or made.
- 19 SEC. 10. It is the intent of the Legislature in enacting this act
- 20 to improve and enhance public access to state and local agency
- 21 meetings by allowing broader access through teleconferencing
- 22 options consistent with the Governor's Executive Order No.
- N-29-20 dated March 17, 2020, and related executive orders,permitting expanded use of teleconferencing during the COVID-19
- 25 pandemic.
- SEC. 11. This act is an urgency statute necessary for the immediate preservation of the public peace, health, or safety within the meaning of Article IV of the California Constitution and shall go into immediate effect. The facts constituting the necessity are: In order to protect public health, expand access to government participation by the public, and increase transparency in state government operations during the COVID-19 pandemic, it is
- 33 necessary that this act take effect immediately.



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### **BOARD OF BARBERING & COSMETOLOGY**

**BILL ANALYSIS** 

Author: Assembly Member Maienschein

**Subject:** Barbering and cosmetology: instructional hours.

Bill Number: AB 2196

Version: April 6, 2022

### Existing Law

Existing law provides for the licensure and regulation of barbers and cosmetologists by the State Board of Barbering and Cosmetology in the Department of Consumer Affairs. Existing law includes in the practice of barbering, among other things, hairstyling of all textures of hair by standard methods that are current at the time of the hairstyling, and includes among the practice of hairstyling massaging, cleaning, or stimulating the scalp, face, and neck by various means.

Existing law authorizes the board to license as an apprentice in barbering, cosmetology, skin care, or nail care any person who has met specified requirements, and requires an applicant for a barbering apprenticeship to additionally complete a minimum of 39 hours of preapprentice training that is administered by the board.

Existing law requires a course in barbering or cosmetology to consist of not less than 1,000 hours of practical and technical instruction in the practice of barbering or cosmetology and requires an electrolysis course to consist of not less than 600 hours of practical training and technical instruction, as specified. Existing law authorizes a student who is enrolled in an approved course of instruction in a school of barbering to, upon completion of a minimum of 60 percent of the clock hours required for graduation in the course, work as an unpaid extern in an establishment participating in the educational program of the school.

Existing law requires an establishment licensed by the board to post a notice in English, Spanish, Vietnamese, and Korean regarding specified workplace rights and wage and hour laws in a conspicuous location in clear view of employees and where similar notices are customarily posted, and requires the board to inspect an establishment for compliance with that requirement when it conducts the inspection of the establishment within 90 days after issuing the establishment a license, as specified.

### <u>This Bill:</u>

- Would authorize a person to engage in barbering, cosmetology, or electrolysis for compensation without a license if the person is participating in an externship program from an approved school.
- Would remove massaging, cleaning, or stimulating the scalp, face, and neck from the practice of hairstyling and would add extending the hair of any person to the practice of hairstyling.
- Would require barbering preapprentice training be administered by the board for the length of time established by the board in a facility approved by the board prior to serving the general public
- Would specify the subjects that would be required to be included in the electrolysis course curriculum.
- Would authorize a barbering student to work as an extern upon completion of a minimum of 25 percent of the clock hours required for graduation in the course and change limitations on clock hour credit, and would expand this provision beyond unpaid externships to apply to externships generally.
- Would require the board to inspect an establishment for compliance with the workplace rights and wage and hour laws notice requirement when it conducts an inspection.

Status: Re-referred to Committee on Appropriations.

### <u>Analysis:</u>

Amendments made to this bill on April 6, 2022, were recommended by Board staff as clean-up language to Senate Bill (SB) 803 (Roth) (Chapter 648, Statutes of 2021). The language was recommended as follows:

- Clarify that Business and Professions Code (BPC) section 7316(e) to include the practice of hairstyling, along with cosmetology and barbering, does not include the mere sale or fitting of wigs, natural hair braiding as described, and threading (all services that were exempt from licensure).
- Remove BPC section 7316 (h)(3) to clarify that a hairstylist license is intended to be hair only and not facial and neck services.
- SB 803 added language that allowed an extern to be paid. This bill will amend section 7317 to clarify that an extern can receive compensation working in an establishment.
- Clarify BPC section 7334 (c) to match to match 7334 (d), so a barber apprentice must also complete the pre-apprentice training that is administered by the board.
- Format the electrolysis curriculum to consistent with the other program curriculums which were amended by SB 803.
- Amend section 7395.2 to allow barbering students to participate in the extern program with the same requirements that were amended in SB 803 for cosmetologists.

### Committee Recommendation: Watch

#### AMENDED IN ASSEMBLY APRIL 6, 2022

CALIFORNIA LEGISLATURE-2021-22 REGULAR SESSION

#### **ASSEMBLY BILL**

#### No. 2196

#### **Introduced by Assembly Member Maienschein**

February 15, 2022

An act to amend Section 7362.5 Sections 7316, 7317, 7334, 7353.4, 7366, and 7395.2 of the Business and Professions Code, relating to professions and vocations.

LEGISLATIVE COUNSEL'S DIGEST

AB 2196, as amended, Maienschein. Barbering and cosmetology: instructional hours. cosmetology.

Existing law, the Barbering and Cosmetology Act, provides for the licensure and regulation of barbers and cosmetologists by the State Board of Barbering and Cosmetology in the Department of Consumer Affairs. Existing law includes in the practice of barbering, among other things, hairstyling of all textures of hair by standard methods that are current at the time of the hairstyling, and includes among the practice of hairstyling massaging, cleaning, or stimulating the scalp, face, and neck by various means. Existing law provides that a violation of the act is a crime, unless otherwise provided, and prohibits a person, firm, or corporation from engaging in barbering, cosmetology, or electrolysis for compensation without a valid, unexpired license issued by the board.

This bill would authorize a person to engage in barbering, cosmetology, or electrolysis for compensation without a license if the person is participating in an externship program from an approved school. The bill would remove massaging, cleaning, or stimulating the scalp, face, and neck from the practice of hairstyling and would add extending the hair of any person to the practice of hairstyling. Because

this bill expands the scope of the practice of hairstyling, thus expanding the application of a crime, the bill would impose a state-mandated local program.

Existing law authorizes the board to license as an apprentice in barbering, cosmetology, skin care, or nail care any person who has met specified requirements, and requires an applicant for a barbering apprenticeship to additionally complete a minimum of 39 hours of preapprentice training that is administered by the board.

This bill would instead require that barbering preapprentice training be administered by the board for the length of time established by the board in a facility approved by the board prior to serving the general public.

*Existing* law requires a course in barbering or cosmetology to consist of not less than 1,000 hours of practical and technical instruction in the practice of barbering or-cosmetology, as defined. cosmetology and requires an electrolysis course to consist of not less than 600 hours of practical training and technical instruction, as specified. Existing law authorizes a student who is enrolled in an approved course of instruction in a school of barbering to, upon completion of a minimum of 60 percent of the clock hours required for graduation in the course, work as an unpaid extern in an establishment participating in the educational program of the school.

This bill would increase the practical training and technical instruction hour requirement for a cosmetology course to at least 1,200 hours. specify the subjects that would be required to be included in the electrolysis course curriculum. The bill would authorize a student to work as an extern upon completion of a minimum of 25 percent of the clock hours required for graduation in the course and change limitations on clock hour credit, and would expand this provision beyond unpaid externships to apply to externships generally.

Existing law requires an establishment licensed by the board to post a notice in English, Spanish, Vietnamese, and Korean regarding specified workplace rights and wage and hour laws in a conspicuous location in clear view of employees and where similar notices are customarily posted, and requires the board to inspect an establishment for compliance with that requirement when it conducts the inspection of the establishment within 90 days after issuing the establishment a license, as specified.

This bill would instead require the board to inspect an establishment for compliance with that notice requirement when it conducts an

inspection to ensure compliance with the laws and regulations of the Barbering and Cosmetology Act and any health and safety requirements adopted by the board.

The California Constitution requires the state to reimburse local agencies and school districts for certain costs mandated by the state. Statutory provisions establish procedures for making that reimbursement.

This bill would provide that no reimbursement is required by this act for a specified reason.

Vote: majority. Appropriation: no. Fiscal committee: yes. State-mandated local program: no-yes.

The people of the State of California do enact as follows:

1 SECTION 1. Section 7316 of the Business and Professions 2 Code is amended to read:

3 7316. (a) The practice of barbering is all or any combination4 of the following practices:

5 (1) Shaving or trimming the beard or cutting the hair.

6 (2) Giving facial and scalp massages or treatments with oils,

7 creams, lotions, or other preparations either by hand or mechanical8 appliances.

9 (3) Singeing, shampooing, arranging, dressing, curling, waving,

10 chemical waving, hair relaxing, or dyeing the hair or applying hair11 tonics.

(4) Applying cosmetic preparations, antiseptics, powders, oils,clays, or lotions to scalp, face, or neck.

14 (5) Hairstyling of all textures of hair by standard methods that 15 are current at the time of the hairstyling.

16 (b) The practice of cosmetology is all or any combination of 17 the following practices:

(1) Arranging, dressing, curling, waving, machineless permanent
waving, permanent waving, cleansing, cutting, shampooing,
relaxing, singeing, bleaching, tinting, coloring, straightening,
dyeing, applying hair tonics to, beautifying, or otherwise treating
by any means the hair of any person.

(2) Massaging, cleaning, or stimulating the scalp, face, neck,
arms, or upper part of the human body, by means of the hands,
devices, apparatus or appliances, with or without the use of
cosmetic preparations, antiseptics, tonics, lotions, or creams.

1 (3) Beautifying the face, neck, arms, or upper part of the human

- 2 body, by use of cosmetic preparations, antiseptics, tonics, lotions,3 or creams.
- 4 (4) Removing superfluous hair from the body of any person by 5 the use of depilatories or by the use of tweezers, chemicals, or 6 preparations or by the use of devices or appliances of any kind or 7 description, except by the use of light waves, commonly known 8 as rays.
- 9 (5) Cutting, trimming, polishing, tinting, coloring, cleansing, 10 or manicuring the nails of any person.
- (6) Massaging, cleansing, treating, or beautifying the hands orfeet of any person.
- 13 (7) Tinting and perming of the eyelashes and brows, or applying14 eyelashes to any person.
- 15 (c) The practice of skin care is all or any combination of the 16 following practices:
- (1) Giving facials, massaging, stimulating, exfoliating, cleansing,
  or beautifying the face, scalp, neck, hands, arms, feet, legs, or
  upper part of the human body by the use of hands, esthetic devices,
  cosmetic products, antiseptics, lotions, tonics, or creams for the
  purpose of improving the appearance or well-being of the skin that
- 22 do not result in the ablation or destruction of the live tissue.
- (2) Tinting and perming of the eyelashes and brows, or applyingeyelashes to any person.
- (3) Removing superfluous hair from the body of any person by
  use of depilatories, tweezers, sugaring, nonprescription chemical,
  or waxing, or by the use of devices and appliances of any kind or
  description, except by the use of lasers or light waves, which are
  commonly known as rays.
- 30 (d) The practice of nail care is all or a combination of trimming,
- 31 polishing, coloring, tinting, cleansing, manicuring, or pedicuring
- 32 the nails of any person or massaging, cleansing, or beautifying
- from the elbow to the fingertips or the knee to the toes of anyperson.
- (e) The practice of barbering and barbering, the practice of
   cosmetology cosmetology, and the practice of hairstyling do not
   include any of the following:
- 38 (1) The mere sale, fitting, or styling of wigs or hairpieces.
- 39 (2) Natural hair braiding. Natural hair braiding is a service that
- 40 results in tension on hair strands or roots by twisting, wrapping,
  - 98

1 weaving, extending, locking, or braiding by hand or mechanical

2 device, provided that the service does not include haircutting or

3 the application of dyes, reactive chemicals, or other preparations4 to alter the color of the hair or to straighten, curl, or alter the

5 structure of the hair.

6 (3) Threading. Threading is a technique that results in removing
7 hair by twisting thread around unwanted hair and pulling it from
8 the skin and the incidental trimming of eyebrow hair.

(f) Notwithstanding paragraph (2) of subdivision (e), a person
who engages in natural hairstyling, which is defined as the
provision of natural hair braiding services together with any of the
services or procedures defined within the regulated practices of
barbering or cosmetology, is subject to regulation pursuant to this
chapter and shall obtain and maintain a barbering or cosmetology
license as applicable to the services respectively offered or

16 performed.

(g) (1) Electrolysis is the practice of removing hair from, ordestroying hair on, the human body by the use of an electric needleonly.

20 (2) "Electrolysis" as used in this chapter includes electrolysis 21 or thermolysis.

- (h) The practice of hairstyling is all or any combination one or*both* of the following:
- (1) Styling of all textures of hair by standard methods that arecurrent at the time of the hairstyling.

(2) Arranging, blow drying, cleansing, curling, cutting, dressing,
 *extending*, shampooing, waving, or nonchemically straightening
 the hair of any person using both electrical and nonelectrical
 devices.

30 (3) Massaging, cleaning, or stimulating the scalp, face, and neck

31 by means of the hands, devices, apparatus, or appliances with or

without the use of cosmetic preparations, antiseptics, lotions, or
 creams.

34 SEC. 2. Section 7317 of the Business and Professions Code is 35 amended to read:

36 7317. Except as provided in this article, it is unlawful for any
37 person, firm, or corporation to engage in barbering, cosmetology,
38 or electrolysis for compensation without a valid, unexpired license

39 issued by the board, *unless the person is participating in an* 

40 externship program from an approved school, or in an

1 establishment or mobile unit other than one licensed by the board,

2 or conduct or operate an establishment, or any other place of 3 business in which barbering, cosmetology, or electrolysis is

4 practiced unless licensed under this chapter. Persons licensed under

5 this chapter shall limit their practice and services rendered to the

6 public to only those areas for which they are licensed. Any

7 violation of this section is subject to an administrative fine and

8 may be subject to a misdemeanor.

9 SEC. 3. Section 7334 of the Business and Professions Code is 10 amended to read:

11 7334. (a) The board may license as an apprentice in barbering, 12 cosmetology, skin care, or nail care any person who has made 13 application to the board upon the proper form, has paid the fee

14 required by this chapter, and who is qualified as follows:

15 (1) Is over 16 years of age.

16 (2) Has completed the 10th grade in the public schools of this17 state or its equivalent.

18 (3) Is not subject to denial pursuant to Section 480.

(4) Has submitted evidence acceptable to the board that anytraining the apprentice is required by law to obtain shall beconducted in a licensed establishment and under the supervisionof a licensee approved by the board.

(b) The board may license as an apprentice in electrolysis any
person who has made application to the board upon the proper
form, has paid the fee required by this chapter, and who is qualified
as follows:

27 (1) Is not less than 17 years of age.

(2) Has completed the 12th grade or an accredited senior highschool course of study in schools of this state or its equivalent.

30 (3) Is not subject to denial pursuant to Section 480.

(4) Has submitted evidence acceptable to the board that any
training the apprentice is required by law to obtain shall be
conducted in a licensed establishment and under the supervision
of a licensee approved by the board.

35 (c) All persons making application as an apprentice in barbering
 36 shall also complete a minimum of 39 hours of preapprentice

37 training that is administered by the board. board for the length of

38 time established by the board in a facility approved by the board

39 prior to serving the general public.

1 (d) All persons making application as an apprentice in 2 cosmetology, skin care, nail care, or electrology shall also complete 3 minimum preapprentice training *administered by the board* for the 4 length of time established by the board in a facility approved by 5 the board prior to serving the general public.

6 (e) Apprentices may only perform services on the general public 7 for which they have received technical training.

8 (f) Apprentices shall be required to obtain at least the minimum 9 hours of technical instruction and minimum number of practical 10 operations for each subject as specified in board regulations for 11 courses taught in schools approved by the board, in accordance

12 with Sections 3074 and 3078 of the Labor Code.

13 SEC. 4. Section 7353.4 of the Business and Professions Code 14 is amended to read:

15 7353.4. (a) On and after July 1, 2017, an establishment licensed 16 by the board shall, upon availability of the posting notice developed

17 by the Labor Commissioner pursuant to Section 98.10 of the Labor

18 Code, post that notice in a manner that complies with the

19 requirements of Section 98.10 of the Labor Code in a conspicuous

20 location in clear view of employees and where similar notices are

21 customarily posted. The notice shall be posted in English, Spanish,

22 Vietnamese, and Korean.

(b) The board shall inspect for compliance with this posting
 requirement when it conducts an inspection pursuant to Section
 7353. 7313.

(c) A violation of this section shall be punished by an
administrative fine established pursuant to Section 7407 and shall
not be punished as a misdemeanor under Section 7404.1.

29 SEC. 5. Section 7366 of the Business and Professions Code is 30 amended to read:

7366. An (a) A course in electrolysis-course established by a
 school shall consist of not less than 600 hours of practical-training

33 and technical instruction in accordance with a curriculum

34 established by board regulation. the practice of electrology.

35 (b) The curriculum for an electrolysis course shall consist of 36 technical and practical instruction in the following areas:

37 (1) One hundred hours in health and safety, which includes

38 hazardous substances, chemical safety, safety data sheets,

39 protection from hazardous chemicals, preventing chemical injuries,

1 health and safety laws and regulations, and preventing 2 communicable diseases.

3 (2) One hundred hours in disinfection and sanitation, including 4 disinfection procedures to protect the health and safety of

5 consumers and the technician and proper disinfection procedures
6 for equipment used in establishments.

7 (3) Four hundred hours in electrolysis, thermolysis, blend or 8 dual modality, and electricity.

9 (A) The subject of electrolysis shall include the study of epilation 10 using single- and multiple-needle insertion techniques, the use of

11 galvanic current, skin reactions and anaphoresis and cataphoresis,

and evaluating a client's health history for compatibility with electrolysis treatments.

(B) The subject of thermolysis shall include the study of epilation
using automatic and manual thermolysis equipment, insertion
techniques, the use of high frequency current in both high and low
intensities, skin reactions, and evaluating a client's health history

18 for compatibility with thermolysis treatments.

19 (C) The subject of blend or dual modality shall include the study

20 of epilation using a combination of high frequency and galvanic

21 currents, insertion techniques, skin reactions and anaphoresis and

22 cataphoresis, and evaluating a client's health history for 23 compatibility with Blend/Dual Modality treatments.

24 (D) The subject of electricity shall include the nature of 25 electrical current, principles of operating electrical devices,

26 various safety precautions to be applied when operating electrical
27 equipment, and proper maintenance of equipment.

21 equipment, and proper maintenance of equipment. 22 SEC 6 Section 7205.2 of the Business and Business

28 SEC. 6. Section 7395.2 of the Business and Professions Code 29 is amended to read:

30 7395.2. (a) A student who is enrolled in an approved course

31 of instruction in a school of barbering approved by the board

32 pursuant to subdivision (a) of Section 7362 may, upon completion

of a minimum of-60 25 percent of the clock hours required for graduation in the course, work as an-unpaid extern in an establishment participating in the educational program of the school.

37 (b) A person working as an extern shall receive clock hour credit

38 toward graduation, but that credit shall not exceed cight 25 hours

39 per week and shall not exceed  $\frac{10}{25}$  percent of the total clock

40 hours required for completion of the course.

1 (c) The externship program shall be conducted in an 2 establishment meeting all of the following criteria:

3 (1) The establishment is licensed by the board.

4 (2) The establishment has a minimum of four licensees working

5 at the establishment, including employees and owners or managers.

6 (3) All licensees at the establishment are in good standing with 7 the board.

8 (4) Licensees working at the establishment work for salaries or9 commissions rather than on a space rental basis.

10 (5) No more than one extern shall work in an establishment for 11 every four licensees working in the establishment. No A regularly 12 employed licensee shall *not* be displaced or have his or her the

12 employed licensee shall *not* be displaced or have his or her *the* 13 *licensee's* work hours reduced or altered to accommodate the

14 placement of an extern in an establishment. Prior to placement of

15 the extern, the establishment shall agree, in writing sent to the

school and to all affected licensees, that no reduction or alterationof any licensee's current work schedule shall occur. This shall not

prevent a licensee from voluntarily reducing or altering his or her

19 *the licensee*'s work schedule.

20 (6) Externs shall wear conspicuous school identification at all

21 times while working in the establishment, and shall carry a school

laminated identification, that includes a picture, in a form approvedby the board.

(d) (1) No less than 90 percent of the responsibilities and duties
of the extern shall consist of the acts included within the practice
of barbering as defined in Section 7316.

(2) The establishment shall consult with the assigning school
regarding the extern's progress during the unpaid externship. The
owner or manager of the establishment shall monitor and report
on the student's progress to the school on a regular basis, with
assistance from supervising licensees.

(3) A participating school shall assess the extern's learning
outcome from the externship program. The school shall maintain
accurate records of the extern's educational experience in the
externship program and records that indicate how the extern's
learning outcome translates into course credit.

37 (e) Participation in an externship program made available by a

school shall be voluntary, may be terminated by the student at anytime, and shall not be a prerequisite for graduation.

1 (f) The establishment that chooses to utilize the extern is liable 2 for the extern's general liability insurance, as well as barbering 3 malpractice liability insurance, and shall furnish proof to the 4 participating school that the establishment is covered by both forms 5 of liability insurance and that the extern is covered under that 6 insurance. 7 (g) (1) It is the purpose of the externship program authorized 8 by this section to provide students with skills, knowledge, and

attitudes necessary to acquire employment in the field for which
they are being trained, and to extend formalized classroom
instruction.

(2) Instruction shall be based on skills, knowledge, attitudes,and performance levels in the area of barbering for which theinstruction is conducted.

15 (3) An extern may perform only acts listed within the definition of the practice of barbering as provided in Section 7316, if a 16 17 licensee directly supervises those acts, except that an extern may not use or apply chemical treatments unless the extern has received 18 19 appropriate training in application of those treatments from an 20 approved barbering school. An extern may work on a paying client 21 only in an assisting capacity and only with the direct and immediate 22 supervision of a licensee.

(4) The extern shall not perform any work in a manner thatwould violate the law.

25 SEC. 7. No reimbursement is required by this act pursuant to

26 Section 6 of Article XIII B of the California Constitution because

27 the only costs that may be incurred by a local agency or school

28 district will be incurred because this act creates a new crime or

29 infraction, eliminates a crime or infraction, or changes the penalty

30 for a crime or infraction, within the meaning of Section 17556 of

31 the Government Code, or changes the definition of a crime within

32 the meaning of Section 6 of Article XIIIB of the California33 Constitution.

34 SECTION 1. Section 7362.5 of the Business and Professions
 35 Code is amended to read:

36 7362.5. (a) (1) A course in barbering established by a school

37 shall consist of not less than 1,000 hours of practical and technical

38 instruction in the practice of barbering, as defined in Section 7316.

1 (2) A course in cosmetology established by a school shall consist 2 of not less than 1,200 hours of practical and technical instruction 3 in the practice of cosmetology, as defined in Section 7316. 4 (b) The curriculum for a barbering course shall, at a minimum, 5 include technical and practical instruction in the following areas: 6 (1) One hundred hours in health and safety, which includes hazardous substances, chemical safety, safety data sheets, 7 protection from hazardous chemicals, preventing chemical injuries, 8 9 health and safety laws and regulations, and preventing 10 communicable diseases. (2) One hundred hours in disinfection and sanitation, which 11 12 includes disinfection procedures to protect the health and safety 13 of consumers as well as the technician and proper disinfection procedures for equipment used in establishments. 14 15 (3) Two hundred hours in chemical hair services, which includes 16 coloring, straightening, waving, bleaching, hair analysis, 17 predisposition and strand tests, safety precautions, formula mixing, 18 and the use of dye removers. 19 (4) Two hundred hours in hairstyling services, which includes 20 arranging, blow drying, cleansing, curling, dressing, hair analysis, 21 shampooing, waving, and nonchemical straightening, and hair 22 eutting, including the use of shears, razors, electrical elippers and 23 trimmers, and thinning shears, for wet and dry cutting. 24 (5) Two hundred hours in shaving and trimming of the beard, 25 which includes preparing the client's hair for shaving, assessing 26 the condition of the client's skin, performing shaving techniques, 27 applying aftershave antiseptic following facial services, and 28 massaging the face and rolling cream massages. 29 (c) The curriculum for a cosmetology course shall, at a 30 minimum, include technical and practical instruction in the 31 following areas: 32 (1) One hundred hours in health and safety, which includes hazardous substances, chemical safety, safety data sheets, 33 34 protection from hazardous chemicals, preventing chemical injuries, 35 health and safety laws and regulations, and preventing 36 communicable diseases.

37 (2) One hundred hours in disinfection and sanitation, which

38 includes disinfection procedures to protect the health and safety

39 of consumers as well as the technician and proper disinfection

40 procedures for equipment used in establishments.

1 (3) Two hundred hours in chemical hair services, which includes

coloring, straightening, waving, bleaching, hair analysis,
 predisposition and strand tests, safety precautions, formula mixing,

- 4 and the use of dye removers.
- 5 (4) Two hundred hours in hairstyling services, which includes
- 6 arranging, blow drying, cleansing, curling, dressing, hair analysis,
- 7 shampooing, waving, and nonchemical straightening, and hair
- 8 cutting, including the use of shears, razors, electrical clippers and
- 9 trimmers, and thinning shears, for wet and dry cutting.
- 10 (5) One hundred fifty hours in skin care services, which includes
- 11 chemical and manual facials and massaging, stimulating,
- 12 exfoliating, cleansing, or beautifying the face, scalp, neck, or body
- 13 by the use of hands, esthetic devices, cosmetic products, antiseptics,
- 14 lotions, tonics, or creams that do not result in the ablation or
- 15 destruction of the live tissue.
- 16 (6) Fifty hours in hair removal and lash and brow beautification,
- 17 which includes tinting and perming eyelashes and brows and
- 18 applying eyelashes to any person, and includes removing
- 19 superfluous hair from the body of any person by use of depilatories,
- 20 tweezers, sugaring, nonprescription chemicals, or waxing, or by
- 21 the use of devices and appliances of any kind or description, except
- by the use of lasers or light waves, which are commonly known
   as rays.
- 24 (7) One hundred hours in manieure and pedieure, which includes
- 25 water and oil manicures, hand and arm massage, foot and ankle
- 26 massage, nail analysis, and artificial nail services, including, but
- 27 not limited to, acrylic, liquid and powder brush-ons, dip, tips,
- 28 wraps, and repairs.



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### MEMORANDUM

- DATE April 25, 2022
- TO: Members, Board of Barbering and Cosmetology
- FROM: Tonya Fairley, Committee Chairperson

SUBJECT: March 7, 2022, Education and Outreach Committee Meeting Update

The Outreach and Education Committee (Committee) reviewed and discussed the Outreach and Education Report prepared by staff (attached). This report highlighted several of the Board's outreach and education efforts during the past few years.

At the next meeting, the Committee will review current examples of materials included with establishment licenses, handed out during inspections, mailed with citations, and provided with enforcement case correspondence.



## California Board of Barbering and Cosmetology Outreach and Education Report

### Education and Outreach Overview

The California State Board of Barbering and Cosmetology's (Board) mission is to ensure the health and safety of California consumers by promoting ethical standards and by enforcing the laws of the barbering and beauty industry.

The Board ensures that information is available for consumers, licensees, applicants, students and other interested parties through the Board's website, the Consumer Information Center, and by direct consumer and licensee contact.

Information is also provided through media outlets such as: Facebook, Twitter, Instagram, and trade publications. The Board currently has over 31,000 followers between the three social media outlets combined and over 10,000 subscribers on the Board's Interested Party email list. Email addresses are not required for licensees; however, the Board does have 270,200 email addresses of licensees who have elected to provide this information.

The Board works closely with the Department of Consumer Affairs' Office of Public Affairs on press releases to news media outlets, video productions, and outreach campaigns.

The Board's website contains information regarding: fact sheets designed to educate the public on health and safety topics, the licensing requirements in California, licensee status including any discipline, forms and publications, consumer complaint form to allow consumers to file a complaint online, average processing times for initial applications, renewal applications, examination scheduling, laws and regulations, and general information about the Board such as meeting notices and meeting minutes.

The Board remains in compliance with the Dymally - Alatorre Bilingual Services Act, therefore the Board translates all informational materials composed by the Board into Korean, Spanish and Vietnamese. In addition, the Board's Health and Safety Regulations are translated into Arabic, Farsi, Simplified Chinese, and Traditional Chinese.

The Board participates in trade shows, town halls meetings, and most recently virtual events with industry associations, local county public health offices, and the California Department of Public Health.

This report highlights several of the Board's Outreach and Education efforts during the past few years.

### COVID-19 Pandemic

The Board created a dedicated page on its website for COVID-19 Information. The webpage included Board publications, as well as links to the California COVID-19 website, the California Department of Public Health website, the CDPH/Cal OSHA Industry Guidelines, U.S. Centers for Disease Control and Protection website, and vaccine information.

The newly developed publications for our licensees and establishments reinforced the importance of COVID-19 Industry Guidelines and Staying Safe During the Pandemic. These publications were distributed by Board inspectors and were shared on the Board's social media platforms. The publications included:

- Returning to Work Checklist
- Staying Safe During the Pandemic Checklist
- Wear A Mask Poster for Establishments
- Postcard Face Covering Reminder and COVID-19 website info
- 3 Steps to Reopening Your Establishment flyer

Since May 2020, Board staff participated in various events that were specific to the beauty and barbering industry. These outreach events were hosted by Legislators, specific counties offices, industry media, and the Board itself.

#### **Board Virtual Outreach Events**

- Together with the California Department of Public Health October 26, 2020
- Staying Safe During the Pandemic for Barbers March 15, 2021
- Staying Safe During the Pandemic in Spanish April 5, 2021
- Staying Safe During the Pandemic in Vietnamese April 6, 2021

#### Legislators Events

- Senator Thomas J Umberg Virtual Town Hall May 28, 2020
- Assembly member Kevin McCarthy's Virtual Town Hall March 11, 2021

#### Local County Public Health Events

- Los Angeles Public Health Telebriefing June 4, 2020
- Los Angeles Public Health Telebriefing June 24, 2020
- Los Angeles Public Health Telebriefing July 9, 2020
- Los Angeles Public Health Telebriefing July 29, 2020
- Orange County Public Health July 30, 2020
- Los Angeles Public Health Telebriefing August 13,2020
- Los Angeles Public Health Telebriefing September 11, 2020
- Los Angeles Public Health Telebriefing October 22, 2020
- Los Angeles Public Health Telebriefing October 30, 2020
- Los Angeles Public Health Telebriefing November 24, 2020
- Los Angeles Public Health Telebriefing February 3, 2020
- Los Angeles Public Health Telebriefing February 11, 2020
- Los Angeles Public Health Telebriefing March 12, 2021
- Los Angeles Public Health Telebriefing April 7, 2021

#### Media and Industry Association Events

- KSRO Radio Interview with Pat Thurston July 21, 2020
- Sacramento Nail Association Industry Webinar July 31,2020
- Outgrowth Podcast August 5, 2020
- Professional Beauty Association Industry Webinar August 6, 2020
- Barbicide Forum Interview August 11, 2020
- The Point Interview by VT Nails TV September 21, 2020
- Viet Nails TV Interview Hosted by Pro Nails Association September 28, 2020

In addition to the outreach events, the Board sent targeted emails to stakeholders in specific counties as well as general educational emails to our List Serves. The emails the Board sent total over 3 million since July 2020. Board staff also directly called over 2500 establishments to answer questions and provide information to our licensees.



### Senate Bill (SB) 803

The Board's Sunset Review hearing was held on April 9, 2021 and the bill was signed by the Governor on October 7, 2021. Beginning in April 2021, SB 803 was a constant agenda item on the Board's next five board meetings:

- April 26,2021
- May 25, 2021
- July 26, 2021
- October 25, 2021
- January 24, 2022.

The Board has always encouraged the public and licensees to attend the board meetings and share their comments. There was record participation and virtual viewers during these meetings (over 550 people).

The dates, locations and agendas for all board meetings are posted on the website and mailed/emailed to the Board's Interested Party list 10 days prior to the meetings.

With the passage of SB 803, the Board created a dedicated webpage to SB 803. Resources available on the page include a SB 803 Questions and Answers document, New Course Approval application and information for schools, and the entire bill's text.

Board staff participated in the various virtual events that were specific to SB 803.

#### **Industry Associations Events**

- Professional Beauty Federation of California November 1, 2021
- Professional Beauty Association November 8, 2021
- California Aesthetic Alliance December 3, 2021

The Board has been in communication with approved schools via email since September 2021 and has provided information on the New 1000 Hour Courses and Exam site closures.

Posts to the Board's social media platforms regarding SB 803 and the changes it brings to the Board started in October 2021 and continue to this day.

### Safe Sandal Season

The Board works hard to ensure that our licensees follow State laws and established infection control standards. In 2013, the Board and the Department of Consumer Affairs (DCA) launched a special campaign designed to educate consumers and licensee on safe nail salon practices. Specifically, regarding pedicures, as this service has proven to show the highest levels of consumer harm.

The Board published a Pedicure Safety Tips brochure, created consumer videos on what to look for when getting a pedicure, educational videos for licensees on how to clean their foot spas, and industry publications on proper cleaning procedures. The printed materials are available in Korean, Spanish and Vietnamese. The how-to video is also available in Vietnamese.

Over the past eight Safe Sandal Seasons, DCA and the Board have worked together in promoting the campaign via press releases, media advisories and social media posts. Board staff have been featured on several news media outlets and have been able to provide information regarding the importance of health and safety in the nail salons.

### Media Interviews conducted by:

- KCRA Channel 3
- News 10 Sacramento
- Fox 40 News
- Good Day Sacramento
- KIMIR NBC Palm Spring
- Fox 5- San Diego
- Telemundo 52
- Sac & Co Live

In 2021, the Board and DCA created two new videos for the campaign. The videos were posted on both the Board's and DCA's social media and are posted to the Board's Safe Sandal Season website page and YouTube channel.

All of these resources are available on the Board's Safe Sandal Season page on the website at <u>www.barbercosmo.ca.gov/consumers/safe\_sandal.shtml</u>.



### **CASafeSalon**

The Board launched a public education campaign called CASafeSalon in 2015. The purpose of the campaign was to educate consumers and licensees about salon health, infection control, and safe practices. Within the campaign there are six separate sections, which includes Workers Rights, Salon Sense, Infection Protection, and Safe Sandal Season. The Board has a dedicated webpage to the full campaign at <a href="https://www.barbercosmo.ca.gov/consumers/safesalon.shtml">https://www.barbercosmo.ca.gov/consumers/safesalon.shtml</a>. Included below are summaries of a few of the sections.



### Salon Sense

The Salon Sense section provides resources to help establishment owners and licensees stay in compliance while protecting the health and safety of California consumers and upholding professional standards. The board developed Health and Safety training booklets to be used by employers or individuals to facilitate health and safety awareness. Below is a list of the booklets:

- CASafeSalon Safely Using Chemicals
- CASafeSalon Safety Data Sheets
- CASafeSalon Communicable Diseases
- CASafeSalon Ergonomics
- CASafeSalon Protection from Hazardous Chemicals

Other Resources available on the Salon Sense page include access to required Establishment Notices/Postings, a Tools section which includes links to the Licensees Fact Sheets, Self-Inspection Worksheet, a What to Expect When you Are Inspected Brochure, and a collection of Board and DCA produced Videos covering subjects from Tips to Stay Fine Free and Proper Use of Disinfectants.

### Workers' Rights

The Workers' Rights section was created to provide easy access to resources for the Board's licensees on this subject. As part of the Health and Safety Advisory Committee's responsibilities, it is to provide the Board with recommendations on how to ensure licensees are aware of basic labor laws, including the key differences between benefits, and obligations of an employee and independent contractor, and how to obtain more information about state and federal labor laws. The Board took these recommendations and published two documents for the Board's licensees. The publications are available in Korean, Spanish and Vietnamese.

- Understanding Worker's Rights and Responsibilities
- Workers' Rights Contact Information Pocket Guide

The Board held two Town Hall meetings, one in Sacramento and one in San Diego, in conjunction with the Department of Industrial Relations (DIR), Employment Development Department (EDD) and Cal OSHA. The goal of the outreach events was to provide information to licensees to become aware of their workers' rights and responsibilities. The events were videotaped by DCA, and a video Understanding Your Workers' Rights was created and serves as a road map for licensees to access more information on the topics covered during the event.

All this information, including the video, the Board's publications, the EDD, the DIR, the Labor Commissioner, and Cal OSHA's resources are available on the Worker's Rights webpage.



### **#NoViolenceinBeauty**

On January 1, 2018, Section 7314.5 of the Business and Professions Code went into effect, allowing the Board to promote awareness of physical and sexual abuse. The Board – sponsored campaign #NoViolenceinBeauty was designed toward that end. A dedicated page on the Board's website was created to provide resources for licensees and consumers. It includes contact information to State and National Organizations and Services, such as:

- Adult Protective Services (APS)
- California Youth Crisis Lines
- Community United Against Violence
- FORGE
- National Domestic Violence Hotline

The Educational Resource section includes Board publications specifically created for the campaign. The publications are available in Korean, Spanish and Vietnamese.

- Physical and Sexual Abuse Awareness Training for Licensees
- Resource Sheet
- Sexual/Domestic Violence Infographic

During the campaign, the Board launch a social media blast of a dozen posts regarding facts regarding Elder Abuse, Sexual and Domestic Violence, and Human/Labor Trafficking.



### Look for the License

One of the Goals of the 2018-2022 Strategic Plan, was to develop a consumer-facing campaign to education the public on unlicensed activity. Working with the Department of Consumer Affairs, the board designed the Look for the License artwork, which included outreach signage and social media art.

Board staff participated in following consumer events and were able to introduce the new campaign and provide information on the importance of receiving services from licensed individuals.

#### **Legislators Events**

- CA Senior Legislature Senior Rally May 2, 2018
- Assembly member Chris Holden Community Resource Fair August 3, 2019
- CA Senior Legislature Senior Rally May 7, 2019
- CA Senior Legislature Senior Rally Virtual Event May 4, 2021





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### MEMORANDUM

DATE April 25, 2022

### TO: Members, Board of Barbering and Cosmetology

### FROM: Jacquelyn Crabtree, Committee Chairperson

SUBJECT: March 14, 2022 Health and Safety Advisory Committee Meeting Update

The Health and Safety Advisory Committee (Committee) completed their discussion of the health and safety regulations (Title 16, Article 12, California Code of Regulations sections 977-995). Staff are cleaning up the language with the Department of Consumer Affairs before submitting to the full Board for approval.

At the next meeting, the Committee will continue to discuss the staff's analysis of the Board's laws and regulations and recommendations for the establishment of a schedule of administrative fines pursuant to the requirements of Business and Professions Code section 7407.



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### MEMORANDUM

- DATE April 25, 2022
- TO: Members, Board of Barbering and Cosmetology
- FROM: Kristy Underwood, Executive Officer

SUBJECT: Regulations Update

### Instructional Materials (Title 16, CCR Section 961)

This final package was filed with the Office of Administrative Law (OAL) on March 3, 2022. The Board of Barbering and Cosmetology anticipates OAL to complete review by April 15, 2022.

#### The following regulation packages are on hold pending legislative clean-up language:

- Title 16, CCR Sections 962, 962.1, and 962.2 (Externs)
- Title 16, CCR Section 974.1 (Disciplinary Review Committee)

### The following regulation packages are under internal review by DCA/Agency:

- Title 16, California Code of Regulations (CCR) sections 904, 909, 917, 928, 931, 932, 934, 937, 950.1, 950.2, 950.3, 950.4, 962 (SB 803 Clean Up)
- Title 16, CCR Sections 913, 913.1, 914.1, 914.2, 915, 917, 918, 918.1, 919, 919.1, 920, 921, 921.1, 921.2, 922, 924, 924.1, 925, 926, 927 (Apprenticeship)
- Title 16, CCR section 950.10 (Transfer of Credit)
- Title 16, CCR Section 972 (Disciplinary Guidelines)

# Agenda Items No. 11-13 No Attachments